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THE NEW NORTH.

The Most Widely Circulated Paper Published in Northern Wis.

VOLUME 25 NO. 9 RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1906 TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Nobby Spring
OXFORDS

For Ladies and Misses

IN Patent leather, gun metal, tan and all the latest leathers; also in white canvas. We have selected our line of low shoes with the greatest care, after studying the latest styles, and examining shoes shown by all the best manufacturers.

Gotzian Shoes

are always the leaders. Their styles are perfect and their reputation is back of every pair. They have been the style makers for over fifty years. We have an unusually large variety of styles and leathers to select from in both men's and women's.

Prices range from $1.50 to $3.50.

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Lewis Hardware Co.,

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Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Crockery, Glassware and Dishes.

Wagons, Carriages, Cutters, Sleighs, Farm Machinery of all Kinds, Paints, Oils, Building Material, Etc.

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PURE
Home made Candy

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Heavy and Light Harness,

Prices from $32 to $38, strictly hand made.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE

DAVENPORT STREET

We Have Got It!

WHAT

Everything you want in the line of Choice Meats and Fancy Groceries. We never fail to give satisfaction which perhaps accounts for our increasing patronage.

TRY US!

COLE & ROGERS.

SEE

THE 1906 DESIGNS IN

WALL PAPER!

At G. P. ALEXANDER'S

He has this year the finest line in Northern Wisconsin. The only prize winning designs at the St. Louis fair in the city. He will be pleased to have you call and see this line display whether you want to buy or not.

FOR A STREET RAILWAY.

In another column of this paper will be found an application for a franchise from E. A. Edmonds, manager of the Rhinelander Paper Co., for the privilege of operating electric street cars on certain streets of the city. By the application it appears that Mr. Edmonds intends, if granted the franchise, to establish a car line from the South side through the business section to the North side passing the C. & N. W. depot and running within a block or so of the Soo depot. Mr. Edmonds informed us that if the franchise is granted him in time so that he can, the work of laying track will be commenced this fall. In our opinion the granting of this franchise by the council would be of great benefit to property owners on the North and South sides, and would be a good thing for the city generally. It is probably intended to extend this line south by Lake Julia if it is built, that it may eventually form one of the links in the proposed Wisconsin Valley electric chain.

CO. L GOES TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Adj. Ge . C. R. Boardman has selected the 2nd Regiment W. N. G. to represent this state in the National encampment of regulars to be held near Indianapolis Ind. Sept. 10th to 19th inclusive. This includes Co. L of this city. Last year the 1st regiment attended the encampment of regulars and this year the 2nd will go if congress appropriates the necessary funds as it has heretofore. There is little danger of congress not making the necessary appropriation and Co. L will undoubtedly be absent on a two weeks' jaunt the middle of September. This, with the regular July encampment at Camp Douglas, will give the boys a pretty fair idea of what regular army life is.

FIND A SKELETON.

The bleached skeleton of a man was discovered last Friday by a party of land lookers in the woods three miles from Hazelhurst. The frame was partly dismembered, an arm and a leg being missing. It is thought that the bones are those of a woodsman who was lost several years ago. There was no clothing about the skeleton which might serve as a possible identity. Deputy Coronor Mason of this city was notified but District Attorney Miller deemed the holding of an inquest unnecessary.

TO BEAUTIFY CITIES.

The Wausau Improvement association has been organized for the purpose of promoting a movement toward beautifying the streets and lawns of the city and improving the city's appearance in general.

Three thousand children, aided by the officers of the Kenosha Outdoor association, celebrated "cleaning-up" day in Kenosha. Streets and alleys were hoed out and hundreds of trees planted. More than 200 packets of flower seeds were distributed and gardens were started all over the city The downtown streets were swept and cleaned, prominent society women taking an active part in directing the work.

EXCURSION TO MERRILL.

Efforts are being made to arrange an excursion from this city to Merrill the latter part of this month when the Knights of Columbus will have a gathering there. Providing enough people signify their willingness to attend, the Soo railway company will be requested to run a special train from this city to Heafford Junction, then over the C. M. & St. P. road to Merrill. The fare will undoubtedly be very low although the we have not yet learned the exact rate.

A VALUABLE TEAM.

Ben. C. Lee & Co. have sold their elegant team of pacers to W. T. Stevens, sheriff of Oneida county at Rhinelander. Mr. Stevens saw them and seeing them was wanting them. He got them at the snug price of $500. Horsemen will recognize the fact of good blood when it is stated that one was sired by Colbert with a record of 2:07¼ and the other by Navola whose speed is 2:04. The sheriff evidently appreciates horseflesh of quality and distinction.—Ladysmith News.

BOAT RACES.

Among the attractions promised for the coming summer will be a number of motor boat races on the Wisconsin river. Several speedy little crafts are owned by Rhinelander people and such races would be both novel and exciting.

JOHNSON-BONNIE.

Miss Ida Johnson and Octave Bonnie, a young couple of this city were married last Wednesday evening.

The ceremony was performed by Justice F. M. Mason at the residence of A. F. Schleismann. The bride recently held a position as saleslady at Crusoe's Dept. Store, and is an estimable young lady. Mr. Bonnie is the son of Mr. and Mrs. N. Bonnie of 621 north Brown street. The young couple will reside on the North side

AS TO EARLY CLOSING.

Early closing of the stores is being discussed among the merchants. Investigation of the conditions in nearby towns and cities has shown that Rhinelander is about the only place in this part of the state where early closing is not in effect. Towns where early closing is observed and the hours are:

Merrill—The agreement among the merchants is to close Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6:30 p. m. Mondays, Tuesdays, and Saturdays they keep open later.

Wausau—Close at 6:00 p.m. excepting Tuesday and Saturday.

Stevens Point—Close at 6:00 p. m. excepting Monday and Saturday.

Grand Rapids—Close at 6:30 p. m. excepting Monday, Friday and Saturday.

Antigo—Close at 6:30 p. m. excepting Monday and Saturday.

Tomahawk—Plans under way for 6 o'clock closing.

MEET AT ASHLAND.

Members of the tri-state fair and racing association held a meeting Saturday at the Knight Hotel, Ashland. The meeting was called by F. E. Parker who is a prominent member of the association. The towns included in the association are Duluth, Superior, Iron River, Ashland, Ironwood, Rhinelander and Antigo. The association decided upon the following dates for the different race meets:

Antigo, Sept. 4, 5, 6. Rhinelander, 11, 12, 13. Ironwood, 18, 19, 20. Ashland, 25, 26, 27.

C. E. Houk of Ironwood was elected president of the association and R. H. Koebe of Antigo secretary.

The meeting at Ashland was attended by Arthur Taylor and D. F. Becker of this city.

A FIRE ECHO.

Some members of the council were quite surprised at the last meeting to hear read bills from seventeen who attended the late Rhinelander fire at $6.00 each, making a grand total of $102. A pretty good afternoon's work.

A effort was made to rush them through without committe reference but Alderman Steber entered objection and the bills will pass through the regular channel. Why seventeen men were sent under pay to a mill town with its hundreds of able bodied men on the ground to handle 650 feet of hose is more than an outsider can easily understand. Who was responsible? Of course, Antigo always is on hand to help a neighbor in distress, but then there should be reason in all things.—Antigo Republican.

ADOPT NEW PLAN.

G. H. Jenkins of the Jenkins Creamery Co. has adopted a somewhat new and novel plan for getting milk to his factory. As the creamery is situated on the banks of the Pelican River and easily reached by boat, Mr. Jenkins has purchased a launch and now makes regular trips four times a week down the Pelican and Wisconsin rivers to Hat Rapids picking up cream. It is a great saving to farmers in time, as heretofore they were obliged to drive to the creamery with their milk. Mr. Jenkins informs us that he receives from one hundred to one hundred and fifty gallons of milk per trip and that he will continue to run the launch until navigation closes. Next year he will run a launch up the Wisconsin above the dam.

STORY HOUR AT LIBRARY.

In spite of the hard storm last Saturday morning fully ninety children gathered at the library for the story hour. The story telling began promptly at 10:30 but many of the little folks arrived long before that time, the first coming at 7:20. All seemed to enjoy this new feature of the library work and were eager to know what they were to hear about on the other Saturdays. More stories about Siegfried will follow for the next few weeks and all children in the third and fourth school grades are invited to come to hear them.

MARRIED AT ANTIGO.

The marriage of Ben. Lagoe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lagoe of this city and Miss Sadie La Moy of Antigo took place at the Catholic parsonage, Antigo, last Monday morning, Father Salle performing the ceremony, after which a wedding breakfast was served at Graham's Cafe. The young couple left on the noon train for this city where they will make their home.

HIGH SCHOOL JUNIORS ENTERTAIN.

The Junior Prom at Gilligan's hall last Friday evening was a very pleasant affair. From nine o'clock until after twelve the young people danced to the strains of the Military Orchestra. About seventy-five couples attended. Fruit punch was served, and the hall was tastily decorated in the class colors of '07.

It pours the oil of life into your system. It warms you up and starts the life blood circulating. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

DIES AT HOSPITAL.

James Barker, a woodsman who for several weeks has been confined at the hospital, died at that institution Tuesday forenoon. For some time past the man had been somewhat demented and a short time previous to his death had been committed to the Northern Asylum at Winnebago by County Judge Billings. When Sheriff Stevens went to the hospital Tuesday morning to prepare Barker for the journey the man's condition was such that to remove him would not be prudent. A few hours later he was dead.

Barker has made Rhinelander his headquarters for the past few years. Two brothers are said to reside in in Iowa. Interment was made in this city.

Thomas, the little seven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Fremstad of the north side, died Thursday at St. Mary's hospital following an operation for appendicitis. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from the Norwegian church, Rev. Knudson officiating.

MORRISON-SCHELLENGER.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Robt. Brush Wednesday evening May 16th, occurred the marriage of Miss Margaret Morrison and Mr. Edward Schellenger both of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. G. Wilson of the Congregational church in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Mr. Schellenger is a brakeman in the employ of the Soo Line, and the young couple have many friends here.

MARRIED MONDAY.

Miss Clara Germaine of this city and Arthur Rowe of Stevens Point were married by Father Francis at St. Mary's church Monday morning.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs J. Germaine. Mr. Rowe has been employed here for the past three years. They have commenced housekeeping on the north side.

MEMORIAL DAY

....IS MAY 30th

Decorate the graves of Nation's heroes and of your departed loved ones with flowers. At my hot houses you will find the choicest assortment of cut flowers in Northern Wisconsin. Lillies, carnations and roses at prices that will please you. I make a specialty of fine bouquet and wreath work in all designs. Get your orders in early.

Fresh Lettuce at all Times

Peter Philipp
FLORIST
312 NORTH BROWN STREET

The NEW HOME Sewing Machine

The best on the market. The NEW HOME never wears out. No other kind just as good. No other kind just like it. The "Ruby" made and manufactured by the NEW HOME COMPANY. Price $25.00. The best machine made for the money. Send for catalogues and Prices. It will pay you to investigate before buying some other machine.

Carling & Jewett

Jewelry and Fine Watch Repairing.

Opera House Block, BROWN STREET.

BARNES-WEESNER AGENCY

INSURANCE

Loans,

Real Estate,

Collections.

Merchants State Bank Building

Rhinelander, Wis.

RICKMIRE'S LAND AGENCY

7 room house with stone cellar and furnace and 12 lots, barn and hayshed in good location $1500.00.

2½ acres in city limits well located $550.00.

2 lots 2 blocks from court house $500.00.

7 room house and 2 lots, well with pump, near first viaduct $1200.00.

12 room house with all modern improvements near center of city and lot $3500.00.

6 room cottage in good condition and lot south side $900.00

2 lots on west side for sale cheap and on easy terms.

40 acres with a new four room cottage, 1 mile from city limits, house alone cost about $600.00. Price only $1000.00 easy terms.

5 or 10 acres 1 mile from city limits, for sale on easy terms.

4 room cottage 1 mile from city limits for rent.

If you want to buy, sell or rent city property see me. Lots for sale in all parts of the city. Money loaned on improved farm property. List your farm and city property with me.

A. P. RICKMIRE, Prop.
SHEPARD BLOCK

FURNITURE AND ..UNDERTAKING..

State License for Embalming.

Foreign and American Granite and Marble

...MONUMENTS...

F. A. HILDEBRAND
118 Brown St. Phone 65.

Vaughn & Rice

Masons and Mason Contractors

Ideal Concrete Blocks,

All Work First-class and Up-to-Date.

115 ALBAN STREET.

Singer Sewing Machines, Conover, Kimball, Cable, Haines Bros.

And a dozen other good makes of Pianos.

Edison Phonographs and Gold Molded Records.

GEO C. JEWELL

5 King St. 20 Years in Business.

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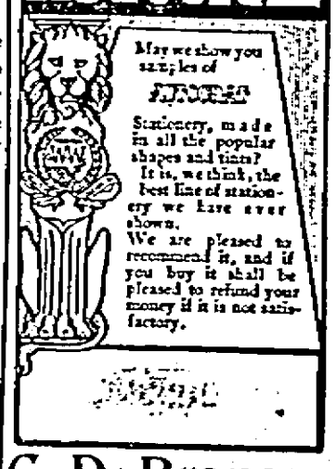


C. D. Bronson

THE DEATH'S-HEAD MOTH

By H. G. WELLS

(Author of the "The Martians," "The Food of the Gods," etc.)

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Probably you have heard of the great feud between Hapley, the entomologist, and Prof. Pawkins.

It began years and years ago, with a revision of the microlepidoptera (whatever these may be) by Pawkins, in which he extinguished a new species created by Hapley. Hapley, who was always quarrelsome, replied by a stinging impeachment of the entire classification of Pawkins.

It was a long struggle, vicious from the beginning, and growing at last to pitiless antagonism.

In 1891 Pawkins, whose health had been bad for some time, published some work upon the "mesoblast" of the Death's Head Moth. But the work was far below his usual standard, and gave Hapley an opening he had coveted for years.

In an elaborate critique he rent Pawkins to tatters, and Pawkins made a reply, halting, ineffectual, with painful gaps of silence, and yet malignant. There was no mistaking his will to wound Hapley, nor his incapacity to do it. But few of those who heard him realized how ill the man was.

Hapley had got his opponent down, and meant to finish him. He followed with a simply brutal attack upon Pawkins, in the form of a paper upon the development of moths in general. The rejoinder of Pawkins was to catch the influenza, to proceed to pneumonia, and to die.

In his private thoughts Hapley could not forgive Pawkins for dying. It left Hapley's mind with a queer gap in it. For 20 years he had worked hard, sometimes far into the night, and seven days a week, with microscope, scalpel, collecting net and pen, and almost entirely with reference to Pawkins. It had killed Pawkins; but it had also thrown Hapley out of gear, so to speak, and his doctor advised him to give up work for a time and rest. So Hapley went down into a quiet village in Kent, and thought day and night of Pawkins, and of good things it was now impossible to say about him.

At last Hapley began to realize in what direction the preoccupation tended. He determined to make a fight for it, and started by trying to read novels. But he could not get his mind off Pawkins, white in the face, and making his last speech.

It was on the third day afterwards that Hapley became aware of a novel addition to the local fauna. He was working late at the microscope, and the only light in the room was the brilliant little lamp with the special form of green shade.

One eye was over the instrument. With the other eye Hapley saw, as it were, without seeing.

Suddenly his attention drifted from

FAR INTO THE NIGHT.

one eye to the other. The table-cloth was of the material called tapestry by shopmen and rather brightly colored. The pattern was in gold, with a small amount of crimson and pale blue upon a grayish ground. At one point the pattern seemed displaced, and there was a vibrating movement of the colors at this point.

Hapley suddenly moved his head back and looked with both eyes. His mouth fell open with astonishment.

It was a large moth, or butterfly. Its wings spread in butterfly fashion.

It was strange it should be in the room at all, for the windows were closed. Strange that it should not have attracted his attention when fluttering to its present position. Strange that it should match the table-cloth. Stranger far that to him, Hapley, the great entomologist, it was altogether unknown. There was no delusion. It was crawling slowly toward the foot of the lamp.

Looking around him for some means of capturing the moth, he rose slowly out of his chair. Suddenly the insect rose, struck the edge of the lampshade—Hapley heard the "ping"—and vanished into the shadow.

In a moment Hapley had whipped off the shade, so that the whole room was illuminated. The thing had disappeared, but soon his practiced eye detected it upon the wallpaper near the door. He went toward it, poising the lampshade for capture. Before he was within striking distance, however, it had risen and was fluttering round the room.

The third time he overturned the lamp, which very luckily, went out. Hapley was left in the dark. With a start he felt the strange moth blunder into his face.

It was maddening. He had no lights. If he opened the door of the room the thing would get away. In the darkness he saw Pawkins quite distinctly, laughing at him. Pawkins had ever an ugly laugh. He swore furiously and stamped his foot on the floor.

Hapley very suddenly decided to give up the moth and go to bed. But he was excited.

Then he found the moth crawling over his counterpane. He sat on the edge of the bed in his shirt-sleeves and reasoned with himself. Was it pure hallucination? He knew he was slipping, and he battled for his sanity with the same energy he had formerly displayed against Pawkins. So persistent is mental habit, that he felt as if it were still a struggle with Pawkins. He was well versed in psychology. He knew that such visual illusions do come as a result of mental strain. But the point was, he did not only see the moth, he had heard it when it touched the edge of the lampshade, and afterward when it hit against the wall, and he had felt it strike his face in the dark.

It was a dim, gray night; an almost unbroken sheet of watery cloud was sweeping across the moon, and the hedge and trees in front of the house were black against the pale roadway.

Hapley's landlady, hearing strange noises, looked out of her window and saw Hapley, like a ghost in his shirt and white trousers, running to and fro in the road and beating the air. Now he would stop, now he would dart very rapidly at something invisible, now he would move upon it with stealthy strides.

"Mrs. Colville," said Hapley, calling down the staircase next morning, "I hope I did not alarm you last night."

"You may well ask that!" said Mrs. Colville.

"The fact is, I am a sleep-walker. There is nothing to be alarmed about, really. I am sorry I made such an ass of myself. I will go over to Shoreham, and get some stuff to make me sleep soundly."

Half-way over the down, by the chalk pits, the moth came upon Hapley again. He went on, trying to keep his mind upon chess problems, but it was no good. The thing fluttered into his face, and he struck at it with his hat in self-defense. Then rage, the old rage—the rage he had so often felt against Pawkins—came upon him again. He went on, leaping and striking at the eddying insect. Suddenly he trod on nothing and fell headlong.

There was a gap in his sensations, and Hapley found himself sitting on the heap of stones in front of the opening of the chalk-pits, with a leg twisted back under him.

Late that night, after his broken leg was set, he was feverish. He was lying flat on his bed, and he began to run his eyes around the room to see if the moth was still about. He tried not to do this, but it was no good. He soon caught sight of the thing resting close to his hand, by the night-light, on the green table-cloth. The wings quivered. With a sudden wave of anger he smote at it with his fist, and the nurse woke up with a shriek. He had missed it.

"That moth!" he said; and then, "It was fancy. Nothing!"

All the time he could see quite clearly the insect going around the cornice and darting across the room, and he could also see that the nurse saw nothing of it and looked at him strangely. He must keep himself in hand. He knew he was a lost man if he did not keep himself in hand. But as the night waned the fever grew upon him, and the very dread he had of seeing the moth made him see it. About fire, just as the dawn was gray, he tried to get out of bed and catch it, though his leg was afire with pain. The nurse had to struggle with him.

Because of this they tied him down to the bed. At this the moth grew bolder, and once he felt it settle in his hair. Then, because he struck out violently with his arms, they tied these also. At this the moth came and crawled over his face, and Hapley wept, swore, screamed, prayed unavailingly for them to take it off him.

Now Hapley is spending the remainder of his days in a padded room, worried by a moth that no one else can see. The asylum doctor calls it hallucination; but Hapley, when he is in his easier mood, and can talk, says it is the ghost of Pawkins, and consequently a unique specimen and well worth the trouble of catching.

THE COMPANY SCATTERED.

Ingenious Ruse of Western Desperadoes in a Job Put Up on Gamblers.

A prominent attorney of Baltimore told the following story to one of his colleagues recently, says the Sun, of the time when he was in the west, when the gold fever was at its height:

"One of the largest gambling houses in San Francisco was in full swing, when in walked two men, one of whom carried a large powder horn. They ambled up to the bar, and the man with the powder horn threw it on the counter and said in a loud voice: 'I am tired of it all, and shall end it here, but I may as well take my friends along with me.' He then damped out on the counter a quantity of what looked to be powder. His companion took from his pocket some of the same stuff and threw it into the fire, whereupon black smoke puffed out from the stove. By that time the gamblers looked around and were horrified to see the other one seize the horn and throw the contents into the stove.

"The whole company, thinking there would be a horrible explosion, jumped to their feet and scattered. With a joyous laugh the two men ran over to the tables and scooped in all the money in sight—a goodly pile—jumped on their horses and galloped away.

"To say that the players were incensed when they returned would be putting it mildly. It turned out upon investigation that it was only black sand that the two 'desperate' men threw on the counter."

The lawyer asked why, when one of these men threw some of the stuff in the stove, it created a volume of smoke. The other thought he must have had some real powder in his pocket.

Now the second attorney is wondering if the friend who told the story was one of those who ran out of the place. Of course, he could not have been one of the desperadoes, so how did he know?

Another Scientific Achievement.

The announcement, of course from a German scientific source, of the discovery of the kiss germ is cheering, since it can only be a matter of a little while until an anti-microbe will be created in the culture tube. Duly vaccinated and made immune to the dangers of kissing, the hygienic seal of the heart's affection may then be confidently accepted by innocent lips.

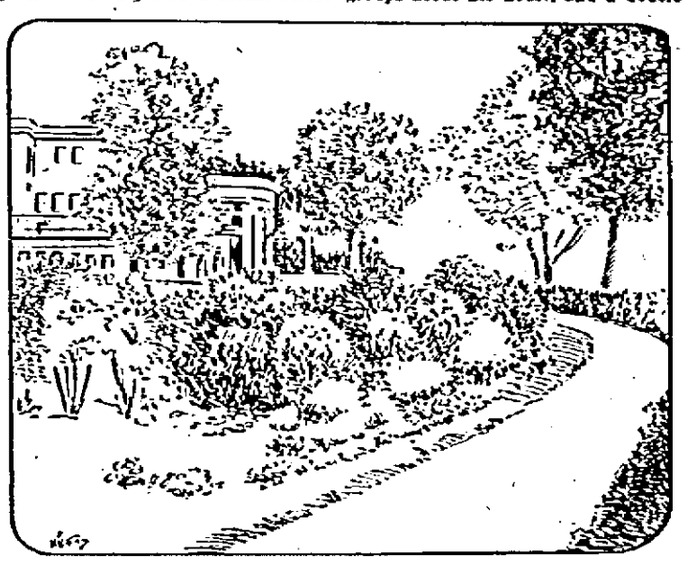
A Suitable Monument to a Lover of Trees

Founder of Arbor Day and the Arboretum in His Honor—Morton Homestead Example of Science of Forestry.

Not all of us go so far as that pagan Nature worshiper James Russell Lowell, and are minded to believe a tree among our far progenitors, but lives there a man with soul so dead as not to love a tree? And you remember what Lowell said about the beneficence of the man who plants a tree—

"Who does his duty is a question
Too complex to be solved by me;
But he, I venture the suggestion, does
part of his
Who plants a tree."

Now that our splendid forests, our apparently immeasurable wealth of trees, have been so rapidly diminished, even we wasteful Americans are beginning to appreciate the work of a man that thriftily looks toward forest preservation, providing posterity with the blessing of trees, and as evidence of this we would instance the memorials to J. Sterling Morton, founder of Arbor day. These memorials are situated out in that western country where Mr. Morton lived, the more impressive one an arboretum, located just without Nebraska City, Neb. The Morton family has given to the village for a park a natural ravine that lies between their estate and the town, and in this park has been placed a bronze statue



THE FLOWER GARDEN.

In honor of the Arbor day founder. With a background of greenery such as the original loved, the statue stands on a westward facing slope. These words are carved on the monument:

"Love of Home is Primary Patriotism: Other Holidays Repose upon the Past; Arbor Day Proposes for the Future."

"Erected by the Arbor Day Memorial Association in Memory of Julius Sterling Morton, MCMV."

Mr. B. G. Northrop, while secretary of the Connecticut board of education, back in 1865, suggested the annual planting of trees by the people of this country and was especially zealous in trying to interest children in such a work. I met Mr. Northrop out in Hawaii when he was a very old man and thought what a splendid illustration he was of the value of outdoor living. At the time Mr. Northrop was what many would call an old man, five and seventy years of age, but there he was traveling to the ends of

THE MORTON MONUMENT.

the earth without nurse or companion, and as much in love with his tree project as ever in his early manhood. He gave lectures in Honolulu to the school children on the duty and pleasure of tree planting, told them of the value not alone to children of the future but to themselves; that in his youth the physicians had condemned him to an early grave, but that he was fond of life and decided to try to cheat the doctors—the cure was fresh air and outdoor work, plenty of vigorous exercise. Then he drew fascinating pictures of what each individual, no matter how humble, could do towards beautifying and making more habitable his particular fraction of this earth, and at least one of his hearers was straightway influenced to go to work at her particular fraction, to spread the gospel of transforming backyard and unsightly vacant lots into grateful places of verdancy and bloom.

Looking back over this experience the writer is able to realize something of the immediate influence Mr. Morton's early efforts must have had on his neighbors out there in Nebraska when he took his quarter-section and went to work to make it a garden spot of beauty. And then we think of his later work, his crusade to have an annual day set apart for the purpose of tree planting, in 1872, the custom instituted in Nebraska; to-day Arbor day observed in almost every state and territory—in some as a legal holiday, in some as a school holiday.

A very interesting article in the New York Sun gives a detailed description of Arbor lodge, the Morton homestead, and speaks of Arbor lodge as the "west's finest example of the science of forestry. From an unbroken, grass-covered claim, a frontier venture, it has been developed by care and skill into the best example the plains region knows of ornamental tree culture—it has been described as a beautiful English estate transplanted to the American prairie."

Here and there are still to be found reminders of the frontier days, the "claim" days, the great cottonwood perhaps chief reminder, the cottonwood the pioneer's friend; and there is an old orchard that bespeaks the brave pioneer effort. The old homestead has not been destroyed, but it has been greatly added to; to-day the prairie home is a stately country house. Arbor lodge is pleasant and fortunate for situation, in the rich valley of the Missouri, soil rich but not heavy, the rainfall favorable to crop and tree growing.

When Mr. Morton first began improving his quarter-section, he planted an orchard and set forest trees in groups about his house, and a double line along a quarter mile driveway. To-day these "verdant almoners" have grown to noble proportions; here stand splendid white pines, Scotch pines, elms, ash and maple trees. Near the main dwelling the trees are not ranged so regularly, those about the house are trimmed high, those trimmed low which screen the stables and servants' quarters. All about the borders of the farm a screen of trees separates from the highway, some pines, ash, maple and elm; and catalpas grow near the roadway, and along the drive.

Back of the double line of trees bordering the drive are new plantings of small pines and shrubs. There is a 40-acre plantation of oak and ash. In time this grove will be very beautiful. The estate, which has grown from the original quarter-section to eight times that extent, now has more than 100 acres in timber and 25 acres in ornamental planting. It was just two years ago a landscape gardener began work here; the first year was spent in preparation, this season 40 species of trees and over 400 ornamental trees and shrubs have been set out. The unsophisticated Englishman looking for the wild and woolly in that vague region known as "the west," would be surprised to find himself in such a beautiful park as the one at Arbor lodge.

Imagine a 12-acre slope stretching away from a comfortable, inviting country house; near the dwelling old pines and beeches; a sweep of lawn, blue grass and white clover. Then the driveway planted by the pioneer, with its trees of varied beauty. And now we see the work of the landscape gardener, the carefully studied beauty; against a background of dark Norways and pines lighter foliage showing, groups of graceful shrubs and trees on the lawns, fringed with iris, althea, rose, and other bloom. On the whole place something like 20,000 trees, and more to be added each season.

And the scientific farming brings its returns. Arbor lodge is not merely a show place, an expensive toy; the farm pays for itself. If the Morton children desired to plan a fitting memorial to their father, once secretary of agriculture, it was well that practical farming should be conducted side by side with the arboretum, the tree memorial.

Explicit.

"Tell me," requests the young person, entering the study of the gray-bearded philosopher, "what is the difference between friendship and love?"

The gray-bearded philosopher studies the table thoughtfully for a moment or two, then replies: "Friendship, my son, is a mutual understanding; love is a mutual misunderstanding."—Life.

Free Milk for Travelers.

A curious custom still holds good in the village of Waddesdon, in Buckinghamshire, where on any morning or evening of the year a person can claim a free drink of new milk from a cow specially kept for the benefit of thirsty wayfarers. This animal is known locally as the "alms cow," and when she dies another has to be provided by the parish authorities.

John Looking Up.

According to the English "Who's Who," no fewer than 156 Smiths are known to fame. Of course, everybody knows John, and will be glad that his merits are acknowledged.

From Inside the Prize Ring

INTERESTING LETTERS OF AN EX-WORLD'S CHAMPION HEAVYWEIGHT

By BOB FITZSIMMONS

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

MY FIGHTS WITH RUHLIN AND SHARKEY.

Since I have been writing these reminiscences I have been in receipt of letters asking me why I failed to mention my fight with Gus Ruhlin in New York, August 10, 1900, as that was, according to many of them, just as important in its way as any of my other encounters. To tell the truth, I had not looked on that particular fight as one of the most important, but since I have been recalling it, perhaps it amounted to more than I thought, for in a way it settled the chances that Ruhlin may have had for the championship, by showing him that if he couldn't defeat me, he would have still smaller chance with Jim Jeffries.

The fight took place in the evening, it may be remembered, and perhaps some of my good friends may remember that I took on Tom Sharkey within two weeks at Coney Island, and cut him down to just where he belongs, and thereby fixed his championship bug so that it never buzzed again.

I don't call to mind just at this minute whether any other boxer ever fought two big battles inside two weeks, but I don't believe it ever happened before, except that one night out in Chicago about two months before the world's fair opened in 1893, when I managed to drop seven pretty heavy men, and that wasn't any picnic for me, considering that every one of them tipped the scales at something over 200 pounds. That was a pretty warm session, I'll admit, and it made quite a sensation out in the Windy City, but it wasn't a marker to the experience of settling two would-be champions inside two weeks.

You see, I wasn't sure just how much beating Ruhlin would take. He's a mighty big man, and he was weighing considerably more than yours truly, and then I'd heard from men who were in a position to judge, that he was a strong proposition, and would take a walloping that would mean hard work to make him quit. Sharkey, of course, I had a pretty good line on, and I knew just about how long he would take to trim. I'd been up against the sailor a time or two before, and I knew just where that sore ear of his was, and just about where I'd have to tickle him to send him away to Dreamland. When I was training for my first fight with Tom, a man jumped out of a carriage out in 'Frisco near my training quarters, came up to me and said:

"Don't punch Tom in the jaw. It's paralyzed."

I paid no attention to it, but I found out in that fight that he had a mighty tough jawbone, and in the fight at Coney Island I paid a little more attention to the other parts of Thomas' anatomy. However, to get back to business, I had no accurate line of Gus Ruhlin, and all I had been able to find out only convinced me that he was a tough young fellow who would take a lot of beating. Two or three told me that he had a yellow streak, but I'll say right here that I never found that. We jumped into the ring that night, and I remember a chap sitting near the ringside in a box who made a hit with me. He was a nice looking fellow, and he leaned over to his friend and said, when I climbed through the ropes:

"Fitzsimmons looks like 'the lean and slippered pantaloon of pugilism,' don't he?"

I got a smile out of that remark, and it put me in good humor for the rest of the night. Well, After Charlie White had given us our instructions, I made up my mind then and there that I'd try a rushing tactic or two, and feel Gus out, and thus give him a chance to show how hard he could hit, and just how well he could keep his head when the going was fast. We went together right off the reel, and I kept close to him, just hailing away and fumbling now and then to give him a chance to show whether he would take a fair shot if it was given him. I found him a hard, tough young fellow, willing to keep right close to me, and slug with all his heart. He handed me a few choice swings that rocked my head, and when I dusted him again he stood right up and pushed me back to the ropes.

I'd got his measure by the end of the first round, and in the second I began to try out his wind. I knew I had him from the moment the gong tapped and the hooks I tossed into his stomach were warm ones. I kept this up during the third, varying it with a few straight lefts and some few crosses until I think I had Gus wondering just where he was going to get it next. I could see he was weak from the punishment he was taking, and he had hurt me a little, too. Gus has a punch of sorts. It isn't a championship punch, however, but it will jar a good man just the same. I couldn't escape all of them, and I took what was coming my way. In the fourth round I took out after Gus and drove him across the ring, just to rattle him, and then I bluffed that I was tired and dropped my head a bit. Some easy mark in Gus's corner yelled out:

"He's gone, Gus. Go after him."

And poor Gus did. That was where I straightened up and pelted Mr. Ruhlin clear across the ring and brought him down on the mat near the ropes. The gong saved Gus that time, but I was in no hurry, as I knew just where Gus lived, and could call and get him any time. In the fifth I played with him—anyone will tell you that, but they don't know why, perhaps. I'll tell you right here. I could have put him away in the first ten seconds of the fight, but I wanted to give him a chance to get himself together and show what there was in him. I held him safe every minute. He couldn't get himself together, however, and poor Gus just swung and jabbed in a tired way, as if he was hoping to catch me off my guard and finish me up that way. In the sixth it was no use to prolong the agony, and I went out after him, and kept right on top of him all over the place. I dropped him once, and when he got up I stepped back. Then I worked the right shift on him, and it was all over, and another championship balloon was punctured. He's a good strong boy, though, for all that.

* * * * *

When it came to my good friend Thomas, down at Coney Island, I'm going to tell the truth about it. I went out after Tom with a little bitterness in my heart. I hadn't forgotten that trouble in San Francisco, and I was going to show the world that Thomas was never in my class, and that I could whip him so quick that it would hurry a ticker to tell the story. I don't make any defense of my feelings. It was just a natural soreness, and I was out to wipe a mark off the slate. I think Tom had an idea that he could trim me, but if he had, it's vanished now, and he knows better, and he knows a few other things, too.

But to get to business. Charlie White was referee, and he gave us the usual instructions. The gong tapped and I went after Thomas. I just felt Tom out to discover if he had learned any new tricks since I'd seen him last, and I found he hadn't. I tapped him here and there, and took a little one or two, just to encourage him. Then I went after him and drove him around a bit, making neat little remarks to him. I crossed a right over to him and it jarred him all through, for I could see him wince. Then I got just a wee bit careless, and Tom handed me one that caught me off my balance. I was up with the sound of the gong.

The next round—and the last—I was a little bit sore, and I started out to show Thomas how little he knew of the fighting game. I splattered a few into Tom's ribs, and he went back like he was facing a heavy sea. An uppercut or two, and then some more rib roasters. The left to the stomach and a few more punches here and there. Then a swing took Tom down and dropped him. He took the full count, and got up feeling pretty small, if I can read a man's eyes. I went after him with both hands, and in no time at all I had him hanging on to me. Then I shook him off and put a few more over and handed him that neat affair in the solar plexus, following it with the left again to the jaw. That finished Tom, and he dropped like a poleaxed cow. I don't think it was far short of 20 seconds to the finish. Anyway, I showed Sharkey that I knew where he resided, and that I could call for him at any time.

Now I want to say just a few words in conclusion. I'm still in the fighting game, and my last challenge to O'Brien will show that. I need that young man in my business, and the fight can't come too quickly. I'm making no predictions, but I'm not the elderly ancient they take me for. Mr. O'Brien will know he's been in a fight when he's through with me, and as I think I've said before, I fear no one but Jeffries, and I honestly don't believe I can do him—he's too heavy.

LOST HIS PIGS.

I. II. III. IV.

—Boston Globe.

Wild Plunge Rights Mind.

New York.—Impelled by a disordered mind, Edward Brunner, aged 39, a lawyer, leaped out of a window in Bellevue hospital. He picked himself up from the ground after a fall of 25 feet not only uninjured, but his mind cleared. The shock of the plunge had accomplished what the physicians despaired of attaining by prescribing treatment.

SAYINGS OF THE TOTS.

"Mamma," said little Ethel, who was looking at the pictures in a Sunday-school book, "how do the angels get their night gowns on over their wings?"

"I think papa and mamma likes the baby better than they do me," said four-year-old Flossie to the visitor, "'cause he lets 'em do just as they please."

"Tommy," said the teacher, "don't you know better than to talk aloud in school?"

"But what is a feller to do?" querried Tommy. "You said the other day I mustn't whisper."

It was the roll of distant thunder that caused little Margie to observe: "They must be cleaning house in heaven to-day, mamma."

"Why do you think so, dear?" asked her mother.

"I hear the angels movin' the furniture around," replied Margie.

FLOATING FACTS.

Bank of England notes cost a halfpenny apiece to produce.

The Church of England has an income of £15,000,000 a year.

In the Indian ocean only 730 out of 16,300 islands are inhabited.

In March 1,616 Japanese left the Hawaiian islands for the Pacific coast.

A watch taken to the top of Mount Blanc will gain 36 seconds in 24 hours.

A ray of light could move eight times around the globe between the tick of a watch.

Rain is never known to fall in the region between the first and second cataracts of the Nile.

Never in the history of parliament have the full number of members been present at one sitting.

Wood intended to be made into pianos requires to be kept 40 years to be in perfect condition.

It is estimated that £40,000,000 worth of British treasure lies sunk along the route from England to India.

There are more accidental deaths from drowning every year in most countries than from any other cause.

Reversing It.

The meek and lowly tramp meandered up to the old farm gate and asked for a raw turnip with which to appease his hunger.

But the horny-handed son of toil was onto his job, and all the hobo got was a turndown.—Chicago Daily News.

Different.

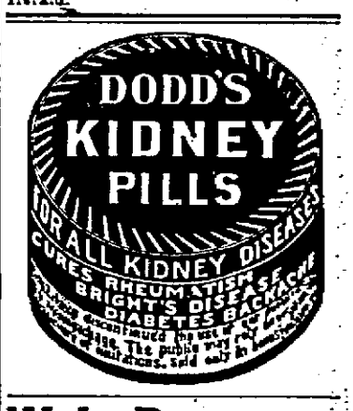
"Bangley always speaks of his wife as 'dearest.'"

"Yes, but you ought to hear how he speaks 'to' her."—Detroit Free Press.

The Happy Man.

Orange—She's engaged at last, eh? Who's the happy man?

Lemon—Her father.—Los Angeles Herald.



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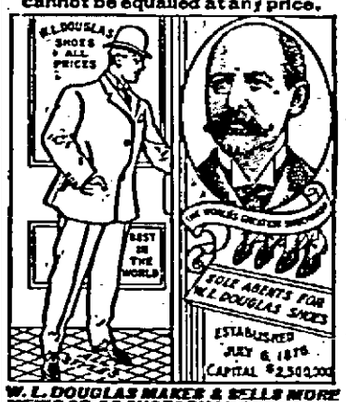

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$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the leathers, cars with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

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CORDIAL INVITATION

ADDRESSED TO WORKING GIRLS

Miss Barrows Tells How Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Helps Working Girls.

Miss Abby F. Barrows

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female disorders, especially those who are obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night in stores or factories.

Day in and day out the girl toils, and she is often the bread-winner of the family. Whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, she must get to her place of employment, perform the duties exacted of her—smile and be agreeable.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach. In consequence of frequent wetting of the feet, periods become painful and irregular, and frequently there are faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden. All these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism which can be easily and promptly cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Abby F. Barrows, Nelsonville, Athens Co., Ohio, tells what this great medicine did for her. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I feel it my duty to tell you the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier have done for me. Before I took them I was very nervous, had dull headaches, pains in back, and periods were irregular, I had been to several doctors, and they did me no good.

"Your medicine has made me well and strong. I can do most any kind of work without complaint, and my periods are all right.

"I am in better health than I ever was, and I know it is all due to your remedies. I recommend your advice and medicine to all who suffer."

It is to such girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Her long record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

IN OCEAN DEPTHS.

Some of the most beautiful sights are found in the sea—the coral reefs and the sunken gardens, filled with strange marine plants. Some marine animals live only in the purest water, others only in the foulest water; for every condition there is a life to fit it.

In all ocean basins, hills and ridges, as well as troughs and deep holes, occur, and the bottom is covered with the skeletons of marine animals, changed by time into slime and stone. Some of the animals of the ocean have no eyes, having no need of them; others have a hundred eyes.

The largest animal and the tiniest animal are found in the sea. In places the sea is 30,000 feet deep. Its average depth is over 12,000 feet. Twice every 24 hours the water rises and falls. At the entrance to the Bay of Fundy the rise at spring tide is no less than 70 feet. The natural power that controls the tide is a tremendous one.

And the plant life in the ocean is almost as remarkable as the animal life. Learned men have been studying it for centuries and are only beginning to understand it. If you want to be interested as no novel can interest you, procure a book telling in a simple manner of the life in the seas. There are plenty of such books written for the people rather than for scientists.

STRAY STATISTICS.

The average amount of sickness in human life is ten days per annum.

Only one couple in over 11,000 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

British South Africa has a population of 1,133,756 white people and 3,308,255 negroes.

While Europe has 107 people to the square mile, Asia has but 58, Africa 11, and Australasia one and one-half.

During the lifetime of a healthy hen she will lay from 300 to 500 eggs. Her best laying capacity is during her second year.

In France, out of every 1,000 inhabitants 123 are more than 60 years old, as against 73 in England and 79 in Germany.

It is stated that there are about 225,000 miles of cable in all at the bottom of the sea. Each mile costs about $1,000 to lay.

Shocking Precocity.

"What is the result?" asked the teacher of the primary class in arithmetic, "when you put two and two together?"

"A kith," lisped the curly-headed little girl in the front row.—Chicago Tribune.

All in the Reach.

The way to reach, or to attain to anything, is to bend oneself toward it with all one's might; and we approximate it just in proportion to the intensity and the persistence of our effort to attain it.—Success Magazine.

TRANSFORMATIONS.

Curious Results When Coffee Drinking Is Abandoned.

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off and Postum Food Coffee used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves has been discontinued and in its place is taken a liquid that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum Food Coffee.

"There's a reason."

PECK'S BAD BOY WITH THE CIRCUS

By HON. GEORGE W. PECK

Author of "Peck's Bad Boy Abroad," Etc.

(Copyright by P. R. Bowles.)

The Bad Boy and His Pa Go West—Pa Plans to Be a Dead Ringer for Buffalo Bill—They Visit an Indian Reservation and Pa Has an Encounter with a Grizzly Bear.

Well, I never saw such a change in a man as there has been in pa since the circus managers gave him a commission to go out west and hire an entire outfit for a wild west show, regardless of cost, to be a part of our show next year. He acts like he was a duke, searching for a rich wife. No country politician that never had been out of his own county, appointed minister to England, could put on more style than pa does.

The first day after the show left us at St. Louis we felt pretty bum, 'cause we missed the smell of the canvas, and the sawdust, and the animals, and that indescribable odor that goes with

Pa Kicked the Dog.

a circus. We missed the performers, the band, the surging crowds around the ticket wagon, and the cheers from the seats. It almost seemed as though there had been a funeral in the family, and we were sitting around in the cold parlor waiting for the lawyers to read the will. But in a couple of days pa got busy, and he hired a young Indian who was a graduate of Carlisle, as an interpreter, and a reformed cowboy, to go with us to the cattle ranges, and an old big game hunter who was to accompany us to the places where we could find buffalo and grizzly bears. Pa chartered a car to take us west, and after the Indian and the cowboy and the hunter got sobered up, on the train, and got the St. Louis ptomaine poison out of their systems, and we were going through Kansas, pa got us all into the smoking compartment.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I want you to know that this expedition is backed by the wealth of the circus world, and that there is nothing cheap about it. We are to hire, regardless of expense, the best riders, the best cattle ropers, and the best everything that goes with a wild west show. We all know that Buffalo Bill must soon, in the nature of things, pass away as a feature for shows, and I have been selected to take the place of Bill in the circus world, when he cashes in. You may have noticed that I have been letting my hair and mustache and chin whiskers grow the last few months, so that next year I will be a dead ringer for Bill. All I want is some experience as a hero of the plains, as a scout, a hunter, a scalper of Indians, a rider of wild horses, and a few things like that, and next year you will see me ride a white horse up in front of the press seats in our show, take off my broad-brimmed hat, and wave it at the crowned heads in the boxes, give the spurs to my horse, and ride away like a cavalier, and the show will go on, to the music of hand-clapping from the assembled thousands, see?"

The cowboy looked at pa's stomach, and said: "Well, Mr. Man, if you are going to blow yourself for a second Buffalo Bill, I am with you, at the salary agreed upon, till the cows come home, but you have got to show me that you have got no yellow streak, when it comes to cutting out steers that are wild and carry long horns, and you've got to rope 'em, and tie 'em all alone, and hold up your hands for judgment, in ten seconds."

Pa said he could learn to do it in a week, but the cowman said: "Not on your life." The hunter said he would be ready to call pa B. Bill when he could stand up straight, with the paws of a full-grown grizzly on each of his shoulders, and his face in front of pa's, if pa had the nerve to pull a knife and disembowel the bear, and skin him without help. Pa said that would be right into his hand, 'cause he use to work in a slaughter house when he was a boy, and he had waded in gore.

The Indian said he would be ready to salute pa as Buffalo Bill the Second, when pa had an Indian's left hand tangled in his hair, and a knife in his right hand ready to scalp him, if pa would look the Indian in the eye and hypnotize the red man so he would drop the hair and the knife, turn his back on pa, and invite him to his wigwam as a guest. Pa said all he asked was a chance to look into the very soul of the worst Indian that ever stole a horse, and he would make Mr. Indian peunk, and beg for mercy.

And we all agreed that pa was a wonder, and then they got out a pack of cards and played draw poker awhile. Pa had bad luck, and when the Indian bet a lot of chips, pa began to look the Indian in the eye, and the Indian began to quail, and pa put up all the chips he had, to bluff the Indian, but pa took his eye off the Indian a minute too quick, and the Indian quit qualling, and bet pa $70, and pa called him, and the Indian had four deuces and pa had a full hand, and the Indian took the money. Pa said that comes of educating these confounded red devils, at the expense of the government, and then we all went to bed.

The next morning we were at the station in the far west. We got off and started for the Indian reservation where the Carlisle Indian originally came from, and where we were to hire Indians for our show. We rode about 40 miles in hired buckboards, and just as the sun was setting there appeared in the distance an Indian camp, where smoke ascended from tepees, tents and bark houses. When the civilized Carlisle Indian jumped up on the front seat of the buckboard and gave a series of yells that caused pa's bald head to look ashamed that it had no hair to stand on end, there came a war whoop from the camp, Indians, squaws, dogs, and everything that contained a noise letting out yells that make me sick. The Carlisle Indian began to pull off his citizen clothes of civilization, and when the horses ran down to the camp in front of the chief's tent the tribes welcomed the Carlisle prodigal son, who had removed every evidence of civilization, except a pair of football pants, and thus he reinstated himself with the affections of his race, who hugged him for joy.

Pa and the rest of us sat in the buckboard while the Indians began to feast on something cooking in a shack. We looked at each other for awhile, not daring to make a noise for fear it would offend the Indians. Pretty soon an old chief came and called pa the Great Father, and called me a pup, and he invited us to come into camp and partake of the feast.

The Grizzly Looked as Big as a Brewery Horse.

Well, we were hungry, and the meat certainly tasted good, and the Carlisle civilized Indian had no business to say it was dog, 'cause no man likes to smoke his pipe of peace with strong tobacco in a strange pipe, and feel that his stomach is full of dog meat. But we didn't die, and all the evening the Indians talked about the brave great father.

It seemed that they were not going to take much stock in pa's bravery until they had tried him out in Indian fashion. We were standing in the moonlight surrounded by Indians, and pa had been questioned as to his bravery, and pa said he was brave like Roosevelt, and he swelled out his chest and looked the part, when the chief said, pointing to a savage, snarling dog that was smelling of pa: "Brave man, kick a dog!"

We all told pa that the Indian wanted pa to give an exhibition of his bravery by kicking the dog, and while I could see that pa had rather hire a man to kick the dog, he knew that it was up to him to show his mettle, so he hauled off and gave the dog a kick near the tail, which seemed to telescope the dog's spine together, and the dog landed far away. The chief patted pa on the shoulder and said: "Great Father, bully good hero. Tomorrow he kill a grizzly," and then they let us go to bed, after pa had explained that if everything went well he would hire all the chiefs and young braves for his show.

After we got to bed pa said he was almost sorry he told the chief that he would take a grizzly bear by one ear, and cuff the other ear with the flat of his hand, as he didn't know but a wild grizzly would look upon such conduct differently from our old bear in the show used to. Any person around the show could slap his face, or cuff him, or kick him in the slats, and he would act as though they were doing him a favor. The big game hunter told pa that there was no danger in hunting a grizzly, as you could scare him away, if you didn't want to have any truck with him, by waving your hat, and yelling: "Git, Ephraim." He said no grizzly would stand around a minute if you yelled at him. Pa made up his mind he would yell all right enough, if we came up to a grizzly.

Well, we didn't sleep much that night, 'cause pa kept practicing on his yell to scare a grizzly, for fear he would forget the words, and when they called us in the morning pa was the poorest imitation of a man going out to test his bravery that I ever saw. While the Indians were getting ready to go out to a canyon and turn the dogs loose to round up a bear, pa got a big knife and was sharpening it, so he could rip the bear from Genesis to Revelations. After breakfast the chief and the Carlisle Indian, and the big game hunter, and the cowman and I went out about two miles, to the mouth of the canyon, where it was very narrow, and they stationed pa by a big rock, right where the bear would have to pass; the rest of us got up on a bench of the canyon, where we could see pa be brave, and the young Indians went up about a mile, and started the dogs. Well, pa was a sight, as he stood there waiting for the bear, so he could cuff its ears, and rip it open, right in sight of the chief, and skin it; but he was nervous, and we could see that his legs trembled when he heard the dogs bark up the canyon. I yelled to pa to think of Teddy Roosevelt, and Daniel Boone, and Buffalo Bill, and set his teeth so they would not chatter and scare the bear, but pa yelled back: "Never you mind. I will kill my bear in my own way, but you can make up your mind to have bear meat for supper."

Pretty soon the big game hunter said: "There he comes, sure's you are born," and we looked up the canyon, and there was something coming, as big as a load of hay, with bristles sticking up a foot high on its back, and its mouth was open, and it was loping right towards pa. Gee, but I was proud of pa, to see him sharpening his knife on his boot leg, but when the great animal got within about a block of pa, the great father seemed to have a streak of yellow, for he dropped his knife and yelled: "Git, Ephraim," in a loud voice, but Ephraim came right along, and didn't git with any great suddenness. When the bear got within about four doors of pa, he saw the great father, and stood up on his hind legs, and looked as big as a brewery horse, and he opened his mouth and said: "Woof," just like that. That was too much for my pa, who began to shuck his clothes, and then started on a run towards the mouth of the canyon. The bear looked around as much as to say: "Well, what do you think of that?" and we watched pa sprinting toward the Indian camp like a scared wolf.

The big game hunter put a few bullets in the bear where they would do the most good, and killed it, and we went down in the canyon and skinned it, and took the meat and hide to camp, where we found pa under a bed in a squaw's tepee, making grand hailing signs of distress, and trying to tell them about his killing a bear by letting it run after him, so it would tire itself out and die of heart failure.

When we found pa he had come out from under the bed, and was looking at the side of the bear to find the place where he hit it with the knife, as he said he could see that the only chance for him to kill the bear was to throw the knife at it from a distance, 'cause the bear was four times as big as any bear he had ever killed. Pa took out a handful of gold pieces and distributed them among the Indians, and told the Carlisle Indian to explain to the tribe that the great father had killed the bear by hypnotism, and they all believed it except the chief, who seemed skeptical, for he said: "Great father heap brave man like a sheep. Go play seven-up with squaws." Poor pa wasn't allowed to talk with the men all day, 'cause the old chief said he was a squaw man. Pa says they don't seem to realize that a man can be brave unless he allows himself to be killed by a bear, but he says he will show them that a great mind and a great head is better in the end than foolishness. Now they want pa to run a footrace with the young Indians, as the record he made getting to camp ahead of the bear is better than any time ever made on the reservation.

On the Unknown Road.

Poor little heart, that knowest not the way
That leads from darkness to "the perfect day,"
Shall I give judgment—finding thee astray?

I, too, have wandered—I, that knew the light—
Far from God's smile—unutterably bright;
And for myself have made the bitter flight!

Poor little heart!—Afar these wanderings wild,
It is for me yet to be reconciled,
And ask forgiveness of a little child!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Thinking It Over.

HE.

I rather like her style; in truth
Her looks and ways appeal to me;
I seem to please her fancy, too—
I wonder what her age may be?

SHE.

He seems to be inclined to look
With more than friendliness on me;
How bright things are when he is near—
I wonder what's his salary?
—H. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.

Hard Raising the Wind.

"Look here," remarked the thrifty man to his extravagant wife, "you're carrying too much sail, my lady."

"I don't know way you should bother about that," she retorted.

"Not?" said he. "I think I should, since I have to raise the wind."—Tit-Bits.

BOY'S HEAD ONE SOLID SORE.

Hair All Came Out—Under Doctor Three Months and No Better—Cuticura Remedies Works Wonders.

Mr. A. C. Barnett, proprietor of a general store in Avard, Oklahoma, tells in the following grateful letter how Cuticura cured his son of a terrible eczema. "My little boy had eczema. His head was one solid sore, all over his scalp; his hair all came out, and he suffered very much. I had a physician treat him, but at the end of three months he was no better. I remembered that the Cuticura Remedies had cured me, and after giving him two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, according to directions, and using Cuticura Soap and Ointment on him daily, his eczema left him, his hair grew again, and he has never had any eczema since. We use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and they keep our skin soft and healthy. I cheerfully recommend the Cuticura Remedies for all cases of eczema. A. C. Barnett, Mar. 30, 1905."

One on the Doctors.

The Boston Herald tells a story of a physician of Salem, Mass., who, talking to a group of friends, said: "I wanted to be a soldier, but my parents persuaded me to study medicine."

"Oh, well," rejoined one of the party, "such is life. Many a man with wholesale aspirations has to content himself with a retail business."

A man in Texas is anxious to exchange his home and property down there for a residence in New York state. We are his man, and he can have ours whenever he can arrange matters.—Star of Hope, Published in Sing Sing.

A good many modern novels would be of more lasting value if their authors only devoted more time to thinking what to say instead of how to say it.—Boston Globe.

Write Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., for package Garfield Tea, the herb cure.

Be patient; card houses are built in an hour—cathedrals take centuries.

Each to His Taste.

"Did you see where the chaplain general of that aristocratic patriotic society prayed for all those who have not the same ancestry as themselves?"

"Well, that's a matter of taste. Maybe some people have their own reasons for accepting the Darwinian theory, but Adam and Eve are good enough for me."—Baltimore American.

Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, sick headache, liver and kidney diseases.

One Kind of Investigation.

"You are taking a great deal of interest in this investigation."

"Yes," answered the statesman. "I have to give it close personal attention. I want to make sure it doesn't develop anything I don't care to have known."—Washington Star.

A successful life is one that rounds up with a feeling of thankfulness for the things it has missed.

The Favorite Route East.

Passengers from Chicago to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York City, Boston and all points east, will find it to their interest by selecting for their journey the NICKEL PLATE ROAD from Chicago. Three through trains are run daily with Modern Day Coaches and Luxurious Pullman Sleeping Cars to New York City, also through Sleeping Car Service to Boston and intermediate points. Rates always the lowest and no excess fares are charged on any train for any part of the trip. The NICKEL PLATE ROAD Dining Service is right up-to-date. Individual Club Meals are served at prices ranging from 35 cents to $1.00; also meals a la carte. All trains leave Chicago from the La Salle St. Station. For full information address J. A. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

Genius is seldom bothered with bookkeeping.—Life.

Complexion bad? Tongue coated? Liver deranged? Take Garfield Tea.

Always be sure you are right, and you will make lots of enemies.

WASTED TO A SHADOW.

But Found a Cure After Fifteen Years of Suffering.

A. H. Stotts, messenger at the State Capitol, Columbus, O., says:

"For fifteen years I had kidney troubles, and though I doctored faithfully, could not find a cure. I had heavy backaches, dizzy headaches and terrible urinary disorders. One day I collapsed, fell insensible on the sidewalk, and then wasted away in bed for ten weeks. After being given up, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. In a couple of months I regained my old health, and now weigh 188 pounds. Twelve boxes did it, and I have been well two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

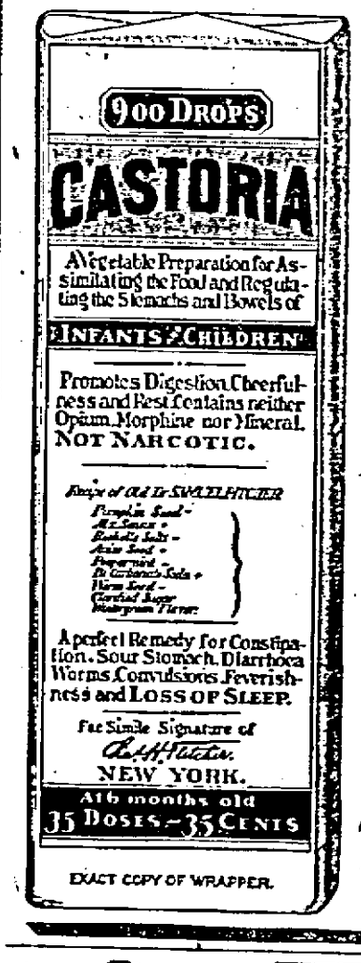
A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail; Trial size 10 cts. by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. E. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I had it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boorman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

FREE If You Are Sick

If you are ill and all out of sorts, run down, irritable, cross, nervous and despondent; if your stomach is out of order and your appetite gone, your liver inactive, congested and sore—your digestion impaired and bowels irregular, if you feel just completely tired out, have headaches, rheumatism, backaches or catarrh,

Zaegel's Swedish Essence

will increase your appetite, aids digestion and by so doing restores vitality and strength to both body and mind.

This medicine acts directly on the stomach and regulates the heart, bowels, liver and kidneys.

In the south it has been found to cure and prevent malaria and all kinds of fevers.

It is not a secret remedy, but a combination of roots and herbs, the names of which are on every package.

Nature's remedy for constipation, rheumatism, backache and catarrh.

If you doubt this, you can test its curative virtue for yourself at absolutely no expense.

Send your name and address, describing your ailment, and we will mail you, under plain wrapper, securely sealed, a trial bottle FREE.

It is free now, so don't fail to write to-day to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 160 Main Street, Sheboygan, Wis.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.

DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

This signature on every box.

For FREE Trial Package, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Twenty-Five Bushels of Wheat to the Acre

means a productive capacity in dollars of over $40 per acre.

This on land, which has cost the farmer nothing, but the price of tilling it, tells its own story.

The Canadian Government gives absolutely free to every settler 160 acres of such land.

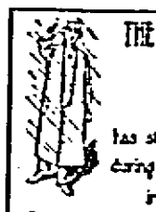
Lands adjoining can be purchased at from $6 to $10 per acre from railroad and other corporations.

Already 175,000 farmers from the United States have made their homes in Canada.

For pamphlet "Twentieth Century Canada" and all information apply to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Canadian Government Agents:

Chas. Pilling, Clifford Blk., Grand Forks, N. Dak.
F. W. Marshall, Box 1K, Watertown, S. Dakota.
E. T. Hurley, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.

Mention this paper.



has stood for the BEST during twenty years of increasing sales.

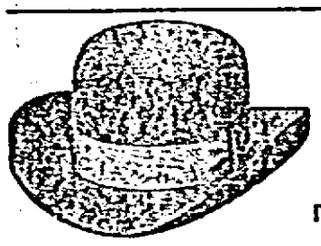
Remember this when you want waterproof oiled coats, suits, hats, or horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

TO CLEANSE EVERY CARPET, ETC.

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN.

Buck's Challenge Sale.

This Great Sale Continues Until Saturday Evening May 26th.



Hats

Every Hat in the store at a reduced price.

Men's 3.00 stiff hats in brown and black on sale at ____ 2.25
Men's 2.50 stiff hats on sale at ____ 1.75
Men's $2.00 stiff hats at ____ 1.35
Men's $3.00 soft hats at ____ 2.25
Men's 2.50 soft hats at ____ 1.75
Men's $2.00 soft hats at ____ 1.25
Men's $1.50 soft hats at ____ 90c
Men's Work Hats at ____ 40c

Everything Goes at Cut Price During this Sale

50c blue denim overalls at ____ 33c
Muleskin Gloves ____ 15c
10c canvas gloves ____ 4c
Men's and Boys' light and dark work shirts ____ 17c
Boy's $2 suits ____ 1.25

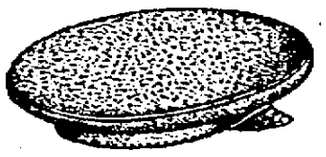
Boys' $3 suits ____ 1.95
Boys' 35c knee pants ____ 15c
Men's $1 work pants ____ 65c
Men's $2.50 dress pants ____ 1.75
25c work suspenders ____ 15c

Men's light Balbriggan Underwear ____ 18c
Men's 50c ribbed underwear ____ 35c
75c fine dress shirts at ____ 38c
Boy's $4 suits ____ 2.95

Men's Best Workshirts 38c

Men's best work shirts in light and dark colors with double fronts and backs, all go on sale at ____ 38c

CAPS, 38c

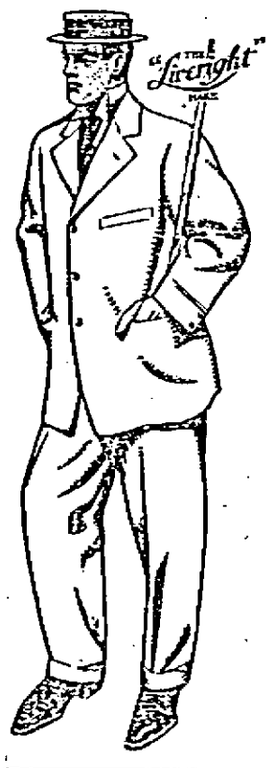


50c, 75c and $1.00 caps will be sold on this sale at 38c

SHOES

Men's $4.00 and $4.50 fine Shoes in all styles at 3.25
Men's $2.50 shoes on sale at ____ 1.65
Men's $1.50 work shoes at ____ 95c
Men's $250 work shoes ____ 1.65
Boys Cyclone Shoes at ____ 1.00
Ladies $3.00 Shoes at ____ 2.25
Ladies $1.75 house slippers with elastic gores at ____ 1.35
$1.25 Misses Kangaroo Calf Shoes at ____ 95c
$1.50 Misses' Oxfords in black and tan at ____ 1.10

No other store offers you good goods at such low prices. Here you get nothing but high grade new goods. Every store in town must be undersold. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.



BUCK'S CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store that Sets the Pace.

16 W. DAVENPORT ST.
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN

Originators of Low Prices

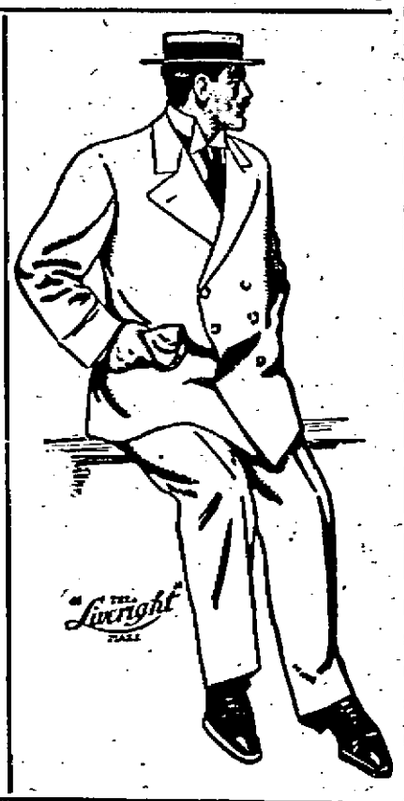
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
INCORPORATED
23,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA. CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD.

This company Transmits and Delivers messages only on conditions limiting its liability, which have been assented to by the sender of the following message. Errors can be guarded against only by repeating a message back to the sending station for comparison and the Company will not hold itself liable for errors or delays in transmission or delay of Unrepeated Messages beyond the amount of tolls paid thereon, nor in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission.
This is an UNREPEATED MESSAGE and is delivered by request of the sender under the conditions named above.
ROBERT C. CLOWRY, President and General Manager.

RECEIVED at 7 Z ON A 4 PM 16 paid
Bynew York NY April 27 06
H M Buck
Rhinelander
Shipped today Merchants Dispatch 500 hundred high grade suits purchased fifty five cents on dollar
Klein

Read this Telegram and You will plainly see the Reason.

Our New York buyer purchased 500 High Grade Suits at 55c on the dollar. We place the entire lot on sale at the following prices, an opportunity to buy good Suits at about half.



$15 and $16 Men's and Young Men's Suits, $10.

Theer are about 150 suits in this lot, single and double breasted, made from fine all wool cassimeres and fancy worsteds in the new grays, also blue serges. These suits have padded shoulders and hair cloth fronts, guaranteed to hold their shape. Every one of them are this season's newstyles and fit perfect. Your choice of any suit in this lot at ____ **$10.00**

22.50 and 25.00 Hand Tailored Suits $15.00

You must see these to appreciate them. They are the handsomest suits on the market all hand tailored throughout, made in the very latest style from fine pure woolin grey worsteds, blue serges, black thibets, in single and double breasted, broad shoulders, hand padded, best hair cloth fronts that will retain the shape of the coat no matter how long you wear it. The fit of these garments is what we want to particularly call your attention to. Come in and try one on and we are sure you will say the best tailors could do no better. Your choice of this lot at **$15.00**

12.50 Men's and Young Men's Suits 7.50

We have 90 suits in this lot made in single and double breasted, the materials are fancy mixtures and plain gray. You could not buy a suit like these in other stores under $12.50, our challenge sale price ____ **7.50**

Men's $7.50 Suits $3.95

This is a snap, we could not offer you good suits for this low price if we had to pay regular price for them. These are all single breasted in dark grey and in brown and gray mixtures. Your choice of any in the lot at ____ **3.95**

THE CITY IN BRIEF

If you want quick delivery of lumber use 'phone 78.

A baby boy was born to Mr and Mrs. Chas Weller, Friday.

The only place you can buy the Florsheim shoe is at the HUB.

Seibel sells the best in clothes and his prices are not as high as what you pay elsewhere.

Amos Radcliffe, clerk of the court of Vilas county, was in the city on business Tuesday and Wednesday.

A dance was given at the Armory last evening by ladies of the Catholic church for funds to refurnish the parsonage.

John G. McDonald has returned from Tripps where he was employed by the Robbins Lbr. Co. as cook at headquarters camp.

Perhaps you have no intention of buying your lumber of Brown Bros. Get their prices anyway. It costs you nothing. 'Phone 78.

FOR SALE:—80 acres of land. 60 acres cleared. Less than one mile from city limits. Inquire of HANS HANSON, Route No. 1 tf.

Rev. Jos. Phillips was in Weyerhauser during the week looking after property interests. He owns a large farm near that village.

FOR SALE,—80 acre farm 2½ miles from city. Good two story house and large barn; plenty of hard wood on place. GEO. C. JEWELL.

Will Davis, a young Soo line engineer of this city, who has been employed on the eastern division now has charge of the local switch engine.

Jos. Pilon of Minocqua one of the early day residents of Rhinelander, is confined in a hospital at Rochester Minn., where he recently submitted to an operation.

Ole Gustafson and family left Friday morning for Sand Point, Idaho, to take up their future home. Mr. Gustafson has been a resident of the North side for several years.

Mrs. Gust Swedberg, whose health for the last three years has not been of the best, left Tuesday for Mt. Clemens Mich. where she will remain about a month taking the baths.

While a bilious attack is decidedly unpleasant it is quickly over when Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are used. For sale by Anderle & Hinman.

Circuit court adjourned Friday afternoon after a five days session, to again convene Monday May 21 at two o'clock in the afternoon. Judge Silverthorne and Reporter Hart went to Wausau Saturday.

The Swedish Baptist Ladies Aid society will have a sale of hand made articles at the Scandinavian hall on North Brown street Saturday evening May 19th at 8 p. m. Coffee and cake will be served. All are welcome.

St. Cecelia's Guild met with Mrs. Paul Browne Saturday. The girls are planning to begin the study of the Missionary work of the church, and expect to correspond with a Missionary in Japan and help him directly in his work.

Have you weakness of any kind—stomach, back, or any organs of the body? Dont' dope yourself with ordinary medicine. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the supreme curative power. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

Seibel is right and so are his goods. Trade with him and see.

Chas. Enden has taken a position at Ira Case' grocery store.

The Rhinelander Iron Co has had a crew of men at Lac du Flambeau part of this week repairing machinery in the sawmill.

FOR SALE:—119 acres of land, 50 acres cleared. Good buildings. Short distance from city. JAMES LOTT, Route No. 1. tf.

Don't take anybody's word for it. Get figures from us and then you will know you are buying close. 'Phone 78. BROWN BROS. LBR. CO.

C. A. Wixson badly injured his right hand Friday while working on the engine of his new launch. He will be unable to write a check for about two weeks.

Nicholas Lauseli accompanied by his son, Joseph, returned Saturday from Green Bay where he took the remains of his youngest son for burial two weeks ago.

Contractor McGrath of Green Bay was in the city the latter part of last week. The rainy weather of the last few days has delayed the street improvement work.

D. J. Cole, who is an admirer of fine horse-flesh, has purchased a thoroughbred Kentucky saddle horse which arrived in the city Saturday. The animal's name is Firefly.

Co. L, W. N. G. of this city is to have charge of the Memorial Day program. The procession to the cemetery will be formed at the Armory and will be headed by the Military band.

George Hanson has resigned his position as night clerk at the Rapids House and will enter the employ of Ira Case in the grocery business. Herman Cease succeeds him at the Rapids House.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rezin who have spent the winter in Everett Wash. and other cities on the Pacific coast, are on their homeward journey, at present visiting friends in Ellendale, North Dakota.

Miss McKenzie, teacher of music and drawing in the city schools for three years, has accepted a similar position in the schools at Boise City Idaho for the coming year at an increase in salary.

M. Mahoney has named his new place of business on Thayer street the Chase Liquor House. The interior of the building has been overhauled, refurnished and all modern improvements installed, and the second floor has been arranged for a hotel.

Mrs. F. E. Parker departed for Minneapolis Tuesday where Mr. Parker will join her, making his headquarters there while on his present work of contracting. Their son Tom will remain here with Mrs Flynn, until the close of school when they, too, will leave for Minneapolis.

Louis Hirzey left here Saturday for New York. He will sail the latter part of this week for his home in Germany. The young man has been employed here for the past two years. He is a nephew of Ferdinand Hirzey who was engaged in the jewelry business here and who went to Germany last fall.

Have you pains in the back, inflammation of any kind, rheumatism, fainting spells, indigestion or constipation, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents. J. J. Reardon.

The season's latest creations in fancy vests—at the HUB.

A son was born unto Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kutz Friday May 11.

See Eby the land man; he has a few choice pieces of farm lands near the city for sale cheap and on easy terms.

A cement walk was laid last week in front of the Green building on Stevens street formerly known as the Cover block.

Do not forget the car "Grassland" of the Northern Wisconsin Farmers' Association which will be at the Soo depot Tuesday.

The Northwestern Railway Co. has erected a small building at Newbold which serves as a shelter for people who are compelled to wait there for trains.

Wm. Harwood, who has charge of the shoe department at Spafford & Cole's store, went to his home in Appleton Monday to attend the wedding of his brother.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Valley died last Wednesday. The funeral was held from the Catholic church Friday afternoon, Rev. Francis officiating.

B. L. Horr returned Friday from French Lick Springs, Ind., where he spent two weeks taking the baths. His health improved under the treatment and he highly recommends the resort.

After seven years of faithful and acceptable service as teacher in the State Public school at Sparta, Miss Lola W. Billings of our city has resigned her position to take effect at the close of the present year, June 30.

A large number were in attendance at the A. O. H. dance at the Armory Thursday evening and the event proved one of the most enjoyable of the season. The Military Orchestra furnished the music. Supper was served at midnight by the Ladies Auxiliary.

The Salvation Army will hold their rummage sale May 23 24, Wednesday and Thursday at Durkee's old stand, Brown street. We have on hand clothing of all kinds, hats, shoes, books. Come and look over our stock of goods. Don't forget the dates. CAPTAIN HOSKINS.

I have taken the Native Herb Pills for the past three years for stomach trouble; am better than I have been for thirty years. I cannot live without them. I would recommend them to any one.

MRS. C. B. HOWE,
m8j1 Rhinelander, Wis.
Sold by Mrs. Louis Annis, Agent.

Chas. Chalee, of Rhinelander, spent last Friday circulating among Stevens Point friends while on his way home from a visit to points below. Mr. Chalee is one of the first inhabitants of Rhinelander, going from this city to assist in opening a town in the wilderness, which has grown and flourished with each passing year, and he has likewise met abundant success.—Stevens Point Gazette.

My line of wall papers for 1906 is now ready for inspection. Prices low. Patterns artistic.
J. J. REARDON.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Sullivan and Mrs. John Curran arrived last evening from Everett, Wash, and are visiting at the homes of Mr. and Mrs. Pat. Curran and Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Sloan. They are all old time residents of Wausau.—Wausau Record.

Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan and Mrs. Curran are former residents of Rhinelander. They will probably visit here before returning to Everett.

W. V. Reed was at Monico yesterday on business.

Telephone 32-1 for Taylor's pure spring water delivered as desired.

Nils Christenson of Arbor Vitae was a caller in town Tuesday.

A baby daughter arrived Tuesday morning at the home of Julius Follstad.

Mrs. Henry Hatfield and E. L. Rock of Arbor Vitae were shoppers in town this week.

Mrs. A. S. Pierce entertained at a linen shower Saterday afternoon for Miss Bess Kyle.

Mrs. F. Ingersoll and daughter Berdice left Monday for a visit with her parents at Appleton.

Now is the time to order 16 inch pine slab wood, green and dry. Phone 78. BROWN BROS LBR. CO.

FOR SALE:—Sharples Cream Separator, used only five months, good as new, $50. Can be seen at Dunn & Wood's. R. P. GUTTILL. m10-tf

C. Eby, A. E. Wessner, H. P. Morrill and T. McDermott received 60,000 pike fry which were placed in nearby lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Shepard will shortly move into the Kemp residence on the south side which they recently purchased.

The Confirmation class of the Episcopal church spent Thursday evening at the Vicarage where games and music were enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos W. Rasmussen, former residents of this city, are the parents of a baby girl born recently at their home in Park Falls.

Father Johnson of St. Augustine's church was at Eagle River Tuesday, where he held services. He will visit Eagle River regularly hereafter.

The many young friends of Miss Margaret Morrison tendered her a linen shower Monday evening at the home of her mother, Mrs. R. Brush.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Kolden and little daughter Lyla, went to Nelsonville, Waupaca county, yesterday to attend the wedding of a relative. They will return Saturday.

Mrs. B. R. Lewis returned yesterday morning from Arizona where she has been for her health since last fall. The lady's many friends are glad to note that she is feeling much better.

T. R. French of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., is in the city this week. Mr. French was at one time engaged in lumber business here as a member of the firm of Wixson, Bronson & French.

Ernest Henning, proprietor of Frenchie's Cafe, received a telegram Tuesday afternoon announcing the death of his father at Weyauwega. He left yesterday morning to attend the funeral.

Mrs. Hans Anderson left Monday morning for North Takima Wash. to visit her oldest daughter whose health is said to be failing. Providing the young lady's condition will permit she will return with her mother to Rhinelander.

The marriage of John Hilber of this city to Miss Anna J. Klemmer of Oshkosh has been announced to take place at Oshkosh Tuesday. Mr. Hilber is employed as baggageman at the Northwestern depot and has many friends in the city.

Mrs. J. W. Burns of Three Lakes, Wash., has returned to Rhinelander for a visit with her mother, Mrs. Panabaker of the North side. Mr. Burns, who was formerly a well known resident here, is now superintendent for the Three Lakes Lbr. Co.

Mrs. Peter Didier, who underwent an operation under Dr. Orlatt at at Oshkosh a few weeks ago and has since been confined in the hospital there, returned home Tuesday. She has gained steadily since the operation and her former good health will soon be restored to her.

A number of the buildings in this city are being entirely re-wired in order that they may be brought up to the requirements of the board of under writers. The old wiring is obsolete and is not considered safe.—Grand Rapids Reporter.

This new wiring is rubber insulated and is said to be proof fire by electric wires. It is now being placed in some residences in this city.

Taylor's celebrated Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, etc., etc., delivered at your home daily except Sunday.

FOR SALE:—Saloon property on main street near the depot. Address GUS. ENGELMAN, Prop., Tomahawk, Wis. Lock box 89. m17-tf

WANTED:—Ladies to eat ice cream, the best in the city at Frenchie's Cafe. E. M. HENNING, Prop.

Everything in wall paper from 16c to $1.00 double roll. Leave order with me for paper hangers.
J. J. REARDON.

The new designs in wall papers are startling. Call and look them over.
J. J. REARDON.

DRS. MORSE & RECTOR
SPECIALISTS
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
APPLETON, - WIS.
VISITS RHINELANDER REGULARLY, RAPIDS HOUSE

An Elegant Display of Ginghams

We have the finest display of Ginghams in the city at prices redicuously low. Also the latest in summer dress goods. It will pay you to visit our store and inspect our elegant new line.

Remember the Shoe Sale Still Continues

The Peoples' Savinge Store

Good Things to Wear

A new line of Children's Wash Suits, 50c 75c, $1.00 Buster Browns in cardinal, gray and seal brown at a special price while they last.

Just in This Week

An assortment of Boy's 2-piece medium weight summer suits, age 4 to 15 for $2.50. A Manufacturers close out worth $3.50.

GARY & DANIELSON.

PERSONAL MENTION

—L. J. Clark of Tomahawk was in the city Friday.

—E. A. Edmonds has returned from his eastern trip.

—Frank Brouiette of Minneapolis was here this week.

—G. G. Gale of Bundy spent Sunday with friends here.

—Earl Sawyer of Lac du Flambeau is visiting relatives here.

—Mrs. Vane Jones has returned to her home in Frederick.

—Dr. J. T. Elliot returned Saturday from New Richmond.

—Mr. and Mrs J. D. Day have returned to their home in Seattle.

—H. L. Jewett transacted business last week at Hackley, Vilas Co.

—D. M. Hyde of Appleton has been here several days on land business.

—Alfred Carlson, salesman for Hans Hodd, spent Sunday at Bundy.

—Miss Grace Bogle of Tomahawk is the guest of relatives here this week.

—Mrs. Jas. Murphy and children are the guests of her mother in Monico.

—W. S. Wright was down from the Lac du Flambeau reservation Thursday.

—John Barnes of Madison is here this week looking after business interests.

—E. A. Forbes of the Rhinelander Lighting Co. was in Ladysmith Saturday.

—Henry Wubker, chairman of the town of Newbold, was in the city Friday.

—W. B. Raymond, Register of Deeds of Vilas county, is in the city on business.

—W. A. Whitman was over from Hiles the latter part of the week on business.

—R. Hogan of Tomahawk visited friends and transacted business here Saturday.

—B. C. Lee of Ladysmith, who is well known here, was a business visitor Friday.

—Miss Josie Nelson of Norrie, Wis. is visiting at the home of City Clerk Gust Swedberg.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Kemp and daughter, Frances, left Saturday for Minneapolis.

—Sheriff W. T. Stevens went to State Line Saturday where he remained over Sunday.

—A. J. Bolger of Minocqua, who has recently returned from the south, was in the city Friday.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. Taggart and children of Bundy were the guests of relatives here during the week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Thurston of Lac du Flambeau were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnson Sunday.

—Peter Turgeson, who has been employed here for several months, has returned to his home in Tomahawk.

—Wallace Thurston, who is employed as grader by the Lac du Flambeau Lbr. Co., was in the city Friday.

—Miss Alvina Emerson who has been teaching in the Wicklow school returned to this city Friday to spend the summer.

—Max Ostrowski, proprietor of the Stevens Point Hotel, left Saturday for Wausau and Stevens Point to remain about a week.

—Miss May Michaud returned Sunday morning from Escanaba Mich. where she had been called by the death of a brother-in-law.

—F. B. Lamoroux, a leading attorney of Ashland, was in Rhinelander Monday. Mr. Lamoroux was for several years located at Stevens Point and has a large acquaintance here among former residents of that city.

Prairie River Stock Farm

PURE BRED SHORT HORNS FOR SALE AT FARMER PRICES.

Ages ranging from three months to three years. All correspondence promptly answ . Write for prices and full information.

GEO. GIBSON, Prop. - MERRILL, WIS.

Drop In At The Racket Store

For your Crockery, Glassware, China, Cutlery, Stoneware, Tinware, Enameled ware, Notions, Souviner goods, Ladies' Combs and hand bags—an extra nice line of Ladies hand bags to sell at 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c have just been received. Another lot of that Gray Steel Granite ware to sell for 15c.

You will always find something new at

THE RACKET STORE,

116 S. BROWN STREET. 'PHONE 30-2.

—Walter Sells has gone to his home in Wausau. Mr. Sells has resided here for the past year employed as stenographer in the office of the Robbins Lbr. Co.

—Miss Ida Gregor of Iola, Waupaca county, is the guest of her sister Mrs. Christ. Anderson. Miss Gregor was at one time employed at Crusoe's Dept. Store.

If you don't like your well, or the city water, telephone 32-1 and have Taylor's celebrated spring water delivered at the house.

We want your order but will be glad to make you prices whether we get the order or not. 'Phone 78.
BROWN BROS. LBR. CO.

CHURCH NEWS.

First Baptist.

Mr. D. E. Stevens conducts the morning service in the Baptist church Sunday at 10.30. Sunday school at 11:30.

There will be no evening service in this church as the pastor will be out of the city.

The Boys' Club meets every Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Juniors meet every Friday afternoon at 4:15.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8.

Beginning Sunday evening May 27th the evening services of this church will begin at 8 o'clock.

DR. FREDERIC W. FATER.

St. Augustine's

Services next Sunday:
Holy Eucharist, 7:30 a. m.
Morning prayer, 10.30 a. m.
Sunday School, 12.
Evening prayer, 7.30.

REV. J. M. JOHNSON.

Congregational.

10:30 a. m. sermon topic: "What has the Christian Religion to Offer the Modern Man of Character and Intelligence."

12 m. Sunday School session. Adult class. Topic: "The Mission of the Church."

7:30 p. m., special song service. Sermon topic: "The Importance of Trifles."

7 p. m., Christian Endeavor. Topic: "Elijah and John the Baptist." A temperance meeting—Leader, Bessie Miller.

REV. A. G. WILSON.

Methodist.

Topics for services next Sunday are as follows: Morning, "Failure and Restitution." Evening, "Two Wills."

REV. EDWARD EVANS.

CRUSOE'S DEPT. STORE

The store is filled to the limit with summer goods and this seems to be the busiest place in the city—every department is thronged daily. Our lines of summer dress goods, notions, underwear and hosiery are especially attractive just now.

SPECIAL SILKS

Yard wide wash silk in cream white, yard — 1.00
27 inch wash silks in any color, yard — 60c

GRAY GRAY

The newest plain and plaid styles in gray suitings.
Plain grays, yard — 85c
Fancy suiting grays in 40 and 44 inch widths, yard. — 1.00

"College Crusher". new street hat for boys and girls. It's "peachy" — 50c

SPECIAL—Turnovers 8c
A fine and dainty lot of ladies new embroidered white turnover collars in the seasons newest designs, each — 8c

Ingrain Art Squares, the prettiest and cheapest floor coverings.
Sizes 9x9 each — 8.50
Sizes 9x12 each — 11.00
Sizes 12x15 — $15 & $18

Our Busy Shoe Department

All the up-to-date styles, the "just right" shoes for women, Misses, boys and little folks.
White Canvass Oxfords — 1.00
Gun metal Oxfords — 2.75
Queen Quality Ideal Kid dressy shoes — 3.00
Stanwood new patent coltskin street boot — 4.00

SPECIAL—A nice lot of roadmen's samples of children's patent and vici slippers and oxfords in size 6 to 8, worth $1 and $1.25, special price pair — 75c

The Right Place

TO BUY CORRECT AND UP-TO-DATE

CLOTHING

Furnishings and Shoes

Is at the

CITY CLOTHING STORE,

CHAS. FREDERICKSON, Prop.

Mapes & Wasserburger

Motor Boats, Sail, Row and Hunting Boats . .

"Has 'em all Beat"

In design, finish and durability. All reputable and commendable makes of gasoline motors installed. Get our Prices.

MINOCQUA, - WIS.

NEW NORTH.

Parx & Co., Publishers.

RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

LATE FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Interesting Items of News Gathered from All Parts of the Globe and Outlined in the Briefest Manner Possible.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Documentary charges by Senator Tillman that President Roosevelt has betrayed the Democratic friends of effective rate legislation by surrender to railroad influence and a statement from President Roosevelt branding as a deliberate falsehood a portion of these charges brought the sensations of the present session of congress to a climax.

Free seeds were considered by the senate committee on agriculture. Representatives of seed houses and nurseries urged the committee to limit the free distribution to rare varieties of vegetables, grains, flowers and plants which are experimented with and propagated by the government.

The house committee on foreign affairs authorized a favorable report on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The measure carries a total of $2,744,000.

Three hundred and twenty pension bills were passed by the house in one hour and a half. This record has never been equaled in the disposition of pension legislation.

A law to protect Niagara falls probably will be passed by congress and an agreement made with Canada to limit the amount of water which may be used for the development of power.

STANDARD OIL PROBE.

Sensational disclosures involving the bribing of ministers of the gospel to spy on their parishioners and report to agents of the Standard Oil company what brand of oil was used by them were prepared for the interstate commerce commission at Chicago. That preachers by the score were on the pay roll of the trust was told at a preliminary hearing of witnesses.

Startling revelations of the Standard Oil company's alleged bribery of railroad employes in order to learn secrets of competitors' shipments were brought out before the interstate commerce commission at Chicago.

MISCELLANEOUS.

John Alexander Dowie was mobbed by a crowd of Voliva followers when he tried to preach in the tabernacle at Zion City. Eight were injured in a scrimmage during services.

Age is held to be no bar to the aspirations of Speaker Cannon to be president by a member of the Illinois delegation who mentions a number of European statesmen who achieved most long after they had lost their youth.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance company took over $45,000,000 worth of British holders' Mutual Life policies and may take more.

The governor and natives of Samar have proposed to Gov. Gen. Ide war of extermination against the Pulajanes.

A body identified as that of Father Gapon, was found hanging on the wall of a deserted house in a town in Finland.

The douma almost decided by storm to demand of the czar immediate political amnesty. Leaders sidetracked the plan.

New York had a food of funerals, resulting from the settlement of the funeral drivers' strike, in which the men were granted all their demands.

A menagerie broke loose during a storm on the voyage across the Atlantic and made things lively for the crew of the vessel.

Fire insurance companies doing business in the state of New York reported to the insurance commissioner at Albany, estimating their losses at $113,441,553.

Germ which causes rheumatism is discovered by a New York physician after many years of unavailing search by scientists over the world.

Champ Clark, of Missouri, declares it is time a southerner was seated in the White House and says if no one else will run he will undertake the task himself.

The funeral of Sidi Mohammed El Hadj, bey of Tunis, took place before an enormous gathering of natives and Europeans and the French military and civil authorities. The ceremony was a magnificent display of Mohammedan rites.

Senator Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland, is critically ill at his home in Washington. He has not been in his seat in the senate for many months.

Robbers held up the Imperial Limited on the Canadian Pacific railroad near Kamloops, and rifled the mail car.

The reichstag passed a bill taxing automobiles from two to ten marks per horse power.

Fire damaged the Masonic temple at Indianapolis to the extent of $15,000 and caused a total loss of $25,000. Raper commandery and several blue lodges lost their paraphernalia.

A. C. Bentley, editor of the Pike County Times and former secretary of the Democratic state central committee, died in Springfield, Ill., of apoplexy.

The court at Pana, Ill., held J. M. Mosby to the grand jury for swapping wives.

The house of commons called upon the British government to sound the powers as to a plan for armament reduction.

Moses Haas, arrested at the instance of the government in connection with the cotton leak, was discharged.

The ceremony of the beatification of Julies Billiart, the French founder of the Congregation of Our Lady, who assisted the wounded in the battle of Waterloo, took place in St. Peter's, Rome. The congregation has a house in Philadelphia.

Work has been generally resumed at practically all of the anthracite collieries. All of the imported men have been shipped away and almost all evidence of their occupancy of the collieries has been removed.

A handsome monument erected by the survivors of his regiment and his friends in civic life, was dedicated to the memory of the late Brevet Major General Charles H. T. Collis in the National cemetery at Gettysburg.

The porte's reply to the British note promised to restore the status quo ante on the Sinai peninsula and the delimitation of the frontier by Turkish and Egyptian officials now on the spot.

Rosie Davis and Kate Walter, both about 18 years old, were drowned at Clark's Landing, N. J., on the Mullica river, by the upsetting of a sail boat in which they were passengers.

In a report on trade of the United States with South American countries, the department of commerce and labor says that the total trade in 1903 was $267,000,000. The total imports from all South America in 1903 were $150,000,000 in value and the exports to all South America were valued at $57,000,000.

The fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church in British India was celebrated in Carnegie hall, New York, under the auspices of the Women's Foreign Missionary society.

Conditions in the iron and steel industry have been greatly improved by three settlements of labor controversies that handicapped progress to some extent.

Failures for the week were 209 in the United States, against 187 the previous week, and 17 in Canada, compared with 21 a year ago.

The gunboat Marblehead sailed from San Francisco on a cruise to the southward as far as Pichilinque, Mexico, and perhaps farther, and lasting through the coming summer.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Newberry is dealing with severity with courts-martial that fall short of their duty in the exhibition of undue leniency toward culprits.

Mrs. Ruth Cantell, wife of Overseer Harry Eugene Cantell, died at Zion City in child-birth. No medical services were given the suffering woman, who expired in agony, surrounded by praying elders.

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius is diminishing. The ashes have now taken the direction of Pompeii and Ottajano, while some ashes have fallen at Somma.

The United States government secured an unconditional surrender in the United States circuit court, before Judge Sanborn, at St. Paul, in the suit which the attorney general began December 27, 1901, to dissolve a combination between the General Paper company and 23 other defendants on the ground that an agreement had been entered into by the defendants in restraint of interstate commerce.

Several hundred University of Missouri students engaged in a fight with show men from Cole Brothers circus at Columbia, Mo., Thursday, and as a result Maynard McDole, a freshman from Craig, Mo., was shot in the head and is in a critical condition and several others are slightly hurt.

Ignatius Batory, a Hungarian patriot and contemporary and friend of Louis Kossuth, died at Catonsville, Md., of the infirmities of age. He was born in 1818.

The extradition bill, covering the convention between the Balfour government and the United States for the inclusion of bribery among extraditable crimes, passed its second reading in the house of lords.

Courtiers and spectators, other than members of the national parliament, led the cheering, when the czar delivered his speech, but the members were ominously silent, expressing neither approval nor disapproval. What rankled most was the failure of the emperor to mention amnesty.

Right Rev. James H. Blenk, bishop of Porto Rico, has been appointed archbishop of New Orleans, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Archbishop Chapelle.

Vice President Fairbanks was 54 years old May 11. He spent his time presiding over the senate in one of the busiest days of the session. He received many messages from friends throughout the country.

A boiler at Brown Brothers' tile factory, Crawfordsville, Ia., exploded, two workmen were killed and the plant was wrecked.

Charges of bribery and corruption made against James S. Gibson, county attorney at Kansas City, Kan., have been withdrawn. The evidence is insufficient.

J. L. Yarnell, aged 80 years, shot his wife, who is 72 years old, and afterward killed himself. The woman's condition is critical. The shooting occurred at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Joseph K. Winn, at Ardmore, a suburb of Philadelphia.

A band of Salvadors, long-haired religious fanatics known as "Fuzzy Wuzzies," looted the town of Malasita, in the province of Pangasinan, P. I.

Eugene N. Foss, of Boston, vice president of the Reciprocity league, addressed the American Association of Commerce and Trade at Berlin, urging reciprocity between the United States and Germany.

The Viceroy of Canton has paid to the American consul at Canton, $60,000 as indemnity for the mission buildings and property of missionaries destroyed during the rioting at Leinchow in October last.

W. F. Dunham, former president of the Chicago Numismatic society, paid $2,165 for a five dollar piece dated 1822.

Chairman Shonts in a report to the secretary of war says tieup of Panama canal work is menaced by indecision over type of water way.

Dr. T. B. Sachs, of Chicago, speaking at the Jewish charity conference in Philadelphia, declared that 100,000 lives annually could be saved by proper methods of combating consumption.

A blizzard did great damage throughout Wisconsin, excepting along the Lake Michigan shore.

During the voyage of the steamer Fanhia from India to Suva, Fiji Islands, 124 coolies were taken sick with cholera and 61 died.

Officers of Wesleyan college, Mount Pleasant, Ia., have been notified that Andrew Carnegie will give $25,000 on condition that $75,000 be raised.

Counsel for Mrs. Duke filed an appeal at Trenton, N. J., carrying to the court of errors and appeals the divorce granted to her husband, James B. Duke.

A Lake Erie freight engine struck and instantly killed Herbert, the 12-year-old son of Brad O. Bryant, of Alexandria, Ind. The boy was trying to catch a ride.

Three hundred attended the opening of the Southern Illinois Odd Fellows' Reunion association at Carbondale, Ill., at which Grand Master William R. Humphrey spoke.

By an explosion in a rolling mill of the Dupont Powder works at Wilmington, Del., William McCrea was instantly killed and James Camac was so badly hurt that his death is expected.

At the request of Acting Secretary Newberry, under the direction of the president, Rear Admiral Converse, chief of the bureau of navigation, who will go on the retired list May 13, has consented to remain in that office.

Adjt. Gen. Scott has issued an order accepting the resignation of Gen. James B. Smith as brigadier general commanding the Fourth brigade, Illinois national guard. Col. Edward C. Young succeeds him.

State Bank Examiner Peter G. Cameron, who took charge of the Columbia Savings and Trust bank at Pittsburg, said that there was no shortage or defalcation and that the depositors would probably be paid in full.

The Rev. Henry Sewell, for 52 consecutive years a Methodist preacher, died at Evansville, Wis. He was 73 years old.

Jeremiah Murphy, aged 59 years, a wealthy St. Louis pork packer, died at his home from a complication of diseases. Mr. Murphy is survived by a widow and five sons.

The bank of Thornton, Iowa, owned by J. D. Barlow and G. L. Ehlers, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors.

While seeking a free ride, Herbert Bryant, 12-year-old son of Brad O. Bryant, of Alexandria, Ind., was instantly killed.

W. J. Bryan in a letter to Col. Mose Wetmore, of St. Louis, states he will do nothing to secure another nomination and will not be a candidate unless circumstances demand it.

D. H. Houston, inventor of the kodak, died at Fargo, N. D. Besides inventing the original of the modern kodaks, he bred to a high standard what is known as blue stew wheat, winning prizes at Paris, St. Louis, Portland and other expositions.

Revolutionary movements or election troubles in Panama, which in any way interfere with work on the canal zone justify the interference of the United States in support of the Panama government. Such is the tenor of the instructions sent to Gov. Magoon by Secretary Taft.

W. H. Sylvester, president of the First National bank, of Montezuma, Ind., was shot and killed in his home by his brother, whose mind is believed to be affected.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the southern confederacy, is dangerously ill of the grippe in New York. As Mrs. Davis is nearly 80 years old, it is feared that the attack may be fatal.

Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey has been found guilty of heresy by the Episcopal ecclesiastical court before which he has been on trial for his opinions concerning the virgin birth and resurrection of Christ and the nature of the Trinity.

Charged with having embezzled more than $160,000, Edwin S. Greenfield, head clerk of the banking and brokerage firm of Harrison Snyder & Son, of Philadelphia, has made a full confession and is doing everything possible to assist the firm in straightening out its tangled books.

The yacht Nahma, with Mrs. Robert Goelet on board, in entering the harbor at Venice, collided with an Italian war ship and both vessels were damaged.

R. M. Smoot, who was in the plot to kidnap President Abraham Lincoln and who sold to John Surratt the boat with which it was intended to convey Lincoln across the Potomac, died at Fort Smith, Ark, aged 72 years.

Shortly before the time for the Columbia Savings and Trust company, of Pittsburg, to open its doors for business Wednesday word was received from the state commissioner of banking, ordering the bank closed. The order was at once obeyed.

Victor L. Gangelin, for many years city editor of the Milwaukee Herald and one of the well-known German newspaper men of Wisconsin, died at his home in Milwaukee.

In the first American women's chess congress, at New York, Mrs. Charles P. Frey, of New York, won the championship, while Mrs. Frank W. Lynn, of Chicago, was placed second, and Mrs. M. Wilkinson-Robert Shaw, of New York, third.

The marine strike which has tied up lake traffic for ten days was declared off and 20,000 dock laborers returned to work.

The eighty-first annual meeting of the American Tract society was held in New York, when William Phillips Hall, was elected president, to succeed Gen. O. O. Howard.

Paris strikers still number 110,000, but there is no disorder.

The steel rail requirements of the Pennsylvania Railroad company for its lines east and west of Pittsburg for 1907, as determined by President Cassatt, are 180,920 tons.

The construction bureau of the navy is willing to undertake the building of a 20,000 ton battleship in 48 months.

The dam of the Crivitz Paper & Pulp company at Marinette, Wis., was carried out and the town is flooded with five to ten feet of water. Farmers lose heavily in stock drowned. James Henderson's house was nearly washed away and his family forced to flee. Hundreds of pigs, cows and chickens were drowned.

Elmer Ellsworth, a potter of Warren county, Illinois, has discovered the secret of making genuine china from American clay.

METHODS OF STANDARD TO CRUSH RIVALS

Startling Revelations of Corruption Are Brought Out at Hearing of Charges Before Interstate Commerce Commission at Chicago.

Chicago.—Revelations of the intrigue and trickery by which the greatest corporation in the world is alleged to maintain its complete supremacy were laid before the interstate commerce commission in Chicago in the hearing of the charges against the Standard Oil company.

In brief, the points brought out during the day by the witnesses follow:

Independent trade was secured through fake companies, apparently working in opposition to Standard Oil, and independent dealers were driven to the wall through systematic price cutting on the part of dealers backed by the Standard.

Through special secret freight rates, one-half the open rate, the trust was able to control most of the trade without price cutting.

Through the suborning of local oil inspectors inferior oil was distributed and competitors were put at a disadvantage.

Different brands of oil were sold from the same barrel at different prices.

Railroad employes were bribed to give the Standard information concerning shipments of competitors.

Payment of compensation to the Santa Fe railway for oil transported by the Standard pipe line was denied by President Ripley of the former.

Commission in Session.

The evidence was heard by commissioners Clements, Prouty and Cockrell sitting in the district court room of the federal building. The presentation of the testimony was conducted by the commission's counsel, J. T. Marchard and F. S. Monnett, former attorney general of Ohio.

Attorneys John S. Miller and Alfred D. Eddy appeared for the Standard Oil company, while other attorneys were Gardiner Lathrop and Thomas R. Morrow, representing the Santa Fe railway; John M. Baldwin and Brode B. Davis, representing the Union Pacific, and W. H. Lyford and S. F. Andrews, the Illinois Central.

A stubborn resistance to the investigation is being made by the Standard. Attorney Miller deputed the authority of the commission to go into the question at issue.

The concrete instances of the method by which the trust succeeded in stifling competition were furnished to the commission by Maywood Maxon, of Decatur, Ill., a former district manager for the Standard Oil company. Mr. Maxon's exposure of the Standard's policy in regard to local competition was complete.

To show the intimate relations of the trust with the railroads, Attorney Monnett began by asking Mr. Maxon concerning the passes he and his subordinates had.

"I had 17 or 18 annuals," replied the witness. "So did seven or eight of my agents. The passes were issued on the account of the Union Tank Line company and saved us a total of about $300 railroad fare each month. It was the same in the other districts in Indiana, Illinois and Ohio."

"Fake" Republic Company.

The witness was asked to describe apparently independent companies which the Standard organized to wrest business from the independent oil dealers.

"Well," said Mr. Maxon, "you see there was some of the trade which was opposed to buying oils of the Standard, and so the Republic Oil company was organized by the Standard people to get that trade."

"Were there any more of these fake companies?" asked Mr. Monnett.

"Yes; there was the Paragon Oil company at Decatur and the Banner Oil company at Springfield, which later became Kercher Bros., and still later the Springfield Oil company. My brother, John Maxon, was manager of this company at different times. This went on from 1899 to 1903."

"What were the methods of the fake companies in getting the trade?" asked the attorney.

"We canvassed a town from house to house and located every consumer of independent oil," said Mr. Maxon. "Then the lists of the dealers were sent to headquarters. I employed five girls to make this canvass in Decatur. They made a list of the independent dealers, which I sent to Charles Kercher with instructions to get their trade away from them by any means and at any cost."

Make Lamp Burn Smoky.

"What were the means employed?"

"One way," explained the witness, "was to visit each consumer and tell him that the independent oil he was using was inferior. The agent would prove this by lamp tests. By the simple trick of regulating the amount of air which reached the flame he could make the independent oil burn smoky and the Standard oil clean and bright. That's easy to do with the same oil in each lamp. In the course of time we would win over most of these housekeepers, and the independent dealers would have to come back into line or lose their business permanently.

"At Paris, Ill., the Standard agent left the service because an independent got the majority of the dealers. Under the orders of Charles T. Collins, second vice president of the Kentucky company, I started out to get that trade back. I sent a man to Paris to arrange to get a dealer to sell oil for five cents a gallon to the consumer. This was arranged. The current price was then 10½ cents to the retail trade, but we made the price to this one dealer five cents, and he sold it at cost."

Send Around a Rebate.

"How could he make a living at that rate?" asked the attorney.

"Well," said the witness, "once a month we sent a man around who gave the dealer a rebate of one cent a gallon on all the oil he bought. We paid for his advertising also."

"What happened to the independent you were fighting?"

"I finally bought his plant, dismantled it, and had it shipped to another point."

"How long did it take you to wreck him?"

"One year."

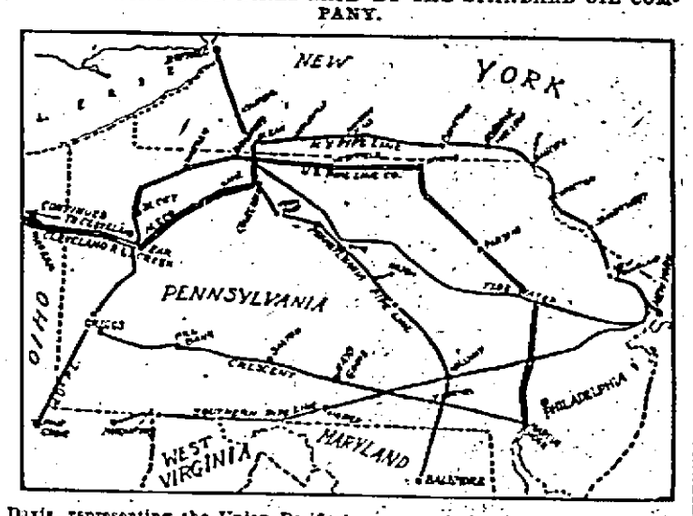
"Then what happened to the price of oil?"

"It went back from five cents to the price it was before the independent cut in."

Mr. Maxon said the same thing took place at Urbana and Vandalia. There were other means employed to crush competition.

"Every town of importance," said the witness, "has one dealer who holds the greater part of the trade. If an independent gets this dealer he can put oil into that town in carload lots and compete with the Standard. To meet this situation I would send a man to this dealer who would assure him of the Standard's deep interest in his welfare, in proof of which sentiment the company would allow him one-half cent rebate on every gallon of oil he should buy. This would win him. Without his shipments the remainder of the dealers would be unable to command carload rates. The result was that their business was ruined and the Standard got it all."

MAP SHOWING PIPE LINES LAID BY THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY.



Seek Sherrick's Release.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Attorneys for David E. Sherrick, former state auditor, convicted of embezzlement and now serving a sentence of from two to 14 years, in the state prison, Thursday filed in the supreme court a brief supporting their petition for supersedeas in the reviewing of the Sherrick case. The brief alleges that Louis Held, one of the jurors, was prejudiced against the defendant. Sherrick's release is sought pending the review of his case by the court.

Newfoundland Solons Rest.

St. Johns, N. F.—The colonial legislature closed Thursday. The governor has assented to all the bills passed, the most important of which being the foreign fishing vessel act against American fishermen.

German Evangelical Synod.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Ministers and laymen of the Indiana district of the German Evangelical synod began their annual conference in this city Thursday. Delegates are present from Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky.

Florida Water Kills Indians.

Rosethorn, Sask.—Two more Indians dead and six in a serious condition. This is the latest development in the Florida water tragedy on the Duck Lake Indian reservation.

Many Die of Cholera.

Sidney, N. S. W.—During the voyage of the Steamer Fanhia from India to Suva, Fiji Islands, 124 coolies were taken sick with cholera and 61 died.

Mrs. Davis Seriously Ill.

New York.—Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the southern confederacy, is dangerously ill of the grippe in her apartments in the Hotel Gerard in West Forty-fourth street, this city. As Mrs. Davis is nearly 80 years old, it is feared that the attack may be fatal.

Wisconsin Preacher Dies.

Janesville, Wis.—Rev. Henry Sewell, for 52 consecutive years a Methodist preacher, died Thursday at Evansville, Wis. He was 73 years old.

PRESIDENT SILENT REGARDING CHARGES

ROOSEVELT MAINTAINS SILENCE ON TILLMAN-CHANDLER-RATE BILL CONTROVERSY.

MOODY AND ALLISON SEE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Attorney-General Fears Motives of Democrats — Railway President Makes a Protest—Big Fight Is Predicted.

Washington, May 15.—Secretary Loeb announced Monday that there would be no public statement for the present from the White House regarding the Tillman-Chandler charges, and it was likely that none would be made on the floor of the senate on behalf of the president.

The president may have decided that the wiser course is silence save for the word already given, that he did not accuse Senators Foraker, Knox and Spooner of double-dealing with the people.

Motive of Democrats Feared.

Attorney General Moody saw the president Monday, and Mr. Moody personally is satisfied not to make a statement touching his own part in the alleged deal with the Democrats because he feared that there were ulterior motives behind their solicitude to aid him and his acceptance of the Allison amendment as the only one which could command support and save the bill in anything like the form in which the president desired that it pass.

With Attorney General Moody Senator Allison visited the president and discussed the situation that has arisen concerning the railroad rate bill. On leaving the executive office Mr. Moody said that he would make no answer to Mr. Tillman, and that if any statement is made it will come from the president. He would not say, however, that such a statement is to be made. Dr. Edward Everett Hale, chaplain of the senate, read to that body at its convening Monday this text from the scriptures:

"Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God. Blessed are ye when men shall revile and persecute you and say all manner of evil against you falsely for my sake."

Protest by Railway President.

When the senate resumed consideration of the railway rate bill Senator Nelson introduced a telegram from A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railway, protesting against the amendment inflicting fines and imprisonment on officers and agents of railways for granting rebates. Mr. Stickney thought the punishment should be directed against the railway company itself, so that it could reach the "railway czars and grand dukes who live in New York," and not punish some poorly paid freight agent who in an endeavor to comply with the demand for more revenue might be tempted to offer a rebate. As the amendment stands now Mr. Stickney thinks it would punish only the tools of the real offenders.

Hot Fight Predicted.

The hottest fight the senate has known in many years is predicted when the sensational controversy between President Roosevelt and Senator Tillman and ex-Senator William E. Chandler, in which each has been branded as a liar, comes up for discussion.

Now that it is known that ex-Senator Chandler has substantiated the statement made in the senate Saturday by Senator Tillman to the effect that the president had deliberately broken faith with the democratic leaders on the railroad rate bill, a political scandal has been launched that involves the veracity of the nation's executive and eminent members of both the Republican parties.

Mr. Chandler, a former United States senator from New Hampshire, and ex-secretary of the navy, has long borne the highest reputation for honor and integrity. He is a fighter, and, as he has now been declared a falsifier by the president, it is expected that he will issue a scathing reply.

Parade to Awe Mohammedans.

Alexandria, May 15.—The British garrison of Alexandria, consisting of infantry and artillery, with bands playing and colors flying, marched through the main streets of the town Monday and paraded on the big square. The object of this military demonstration was to reassure and impress the natives who had been somewhat disturbed by the recent pan-Islamic campaign launched by the supporters of the Turkish action on the Sinai peninsula.

"Didn't Know It Was Loaded."

Marquette, Mich., May 15.—"All right, I'm ready to die." With these words Edward Gruber, at Dollarville, turned and jokingly faced a young woman whom he had offered to teach to shoot. She raised the shotgun and pulled the trigger and Gruber fell mortally wounded. She was not aware he had already loaded the gun and he had no time to tell her.

Acceptance Is Complete.

Constantinople, May 15.—The Turkish government in reply to Ambassador O'Conor's last communication objecting to the terms of the previous Turkish note has notified the ambassador of its full acceptance of the British demands.

POWDER BLAST SHAKES CITY

MANY WINDOW PANES IN BRIDGEPORT, CONN., BROKEN.

About 100,000 Pounds Touched Off by Unknown Cause—People Flee from Homes in Panic.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 15.—Four magazines in the testing grounds of the Union Metallic Cartridge company in the northern section of the city, containing about 100,000 pounds of powder, exploded early Monday.

The concussion shook the whole city and caused great alarm among many persons, who believed there had been an earthquake. Windows were shattered, and in many houses crockery fell from the shelves, but no serious damage was reported.

The full force of the explosion was felt in the city proper, and apparently there is not a single large pane of plate glass left in business buildings. As for private residences, few escaped without broken windows. The damage seems to be confined entirely to broken glass, and already the Union Cartridge company has given notice that property owners will be compensated for damage of this nature.

There were two explosions, with but a second's interval between, and a large amount of powder was destroyed. None of the company's buildings was damaged. So far as known, no person was harmed.

Following the explosion many persons clad only in their night garments fled to the streets. Many women became hysterical, and it was some time before they were reassured.

The four magazines which exploded contained about 25,000 pounds of powder each. The cause of the blast is not known.

Most of the plate-glass windows in the city were shattered and the isolation hospital, a small structure half a mile away, was wrecked. A panic occurred among the inmates of the town farm.

New Haven, Conn., May 15.—Two shocks from the Bridgeport powder explosion were felt in this city distinctly. Windows rattled and in some houses dishes were shaken from shelves. It was at first thought here that the shocks were caused by an earthquake. The force of the explosion was felt in many parts of the state.

REHEARING IS REFUSED.

United States Supreme Court Denies petition of Chicago Traction Company.

Chicago, May 15.—The traction companies in Chicago are left at the mercy of the city by the action of the United States supreme court Monday in denying the motion of the street railway interests for a rehearing in the "99-year rights" case decided two months ago.

This action clears the way so far as legal technicalities are concerned for an early improvement of the service. The demand of the traction companies for the right to change their cable systems into trolley lines now can be taken up by the city council without danger of complicating the general situation pending a permanent arrangement for rehabilitation of the entire surface transportation systems.

The action of the supreme court clears the way to the change of several of the lines from cable to overhead trolley methods of propulsion as soon as the council takes action.

The decision will also enable the council to negotiate with the Union Traction interests for the immediate lowering of the tunnels at La Salle and Washington streets without further delay.

Congress Sets New Record.

Washington, May 15.—The files of the index clerks at the state department show that the first session of the fifty-ninth congress has broken all records in the matter of completed legislation up to this moment. Already more than 3,000 laws have been enacted, which is between 700 and 800 more than in any preceding session up to the beginning of the month of May. The greater part of this mass of law was made up of bills of a private nature and only about 250 of the total enactments were general laws.

Pay of Miners Fixed.

Tamaqua, Pa., May 15.—Commissioner Neil, who was appointed by the anthracite strike commission to compute the rates of wages for anthracite miners, has notified the coal operators that the miners will be paid eight per cent. on the $4.50 basis for the month of May, the average price of coal at tidewater last month being $4.93 per ton. This is the highest rate at which the miners have been paid since the commission made its award.

Fire Ruins Naval Stores.

Gulfport, Miss., May 15.—The enormous plant of the New Orleans Naval Stores company and S. Shotter & Co. were totally destroyed by fire Sunday, six acres occupied by the rosin yards, warehouses, commissary and storage rooms being entirely swept by the flames. Loss was about $400,000, with $200,000 insurance.

Double Killing.

Lincoln, Neb., May 15.—Arthur Moose, a night watchman at Crawford, Neb., was killed by a colored soldier from Fort Robinson. James Moose, the watchman's brother, killed the soldier and a friend of the latter struck James Moose and broke his arm. Officials are investigating the case, which threatens to lead to a riot.

ICE THIRTY CENTS A TON.

W. H. Eaton, a farmer living near Emerson, Ia., is making ice at a cost of 30 cents a ton. Eaton has built 200 tanks of galvanized iron, a foot deep, two feet wide and three feet long. These tanks are filled with water every time the weather man announces a cold snap, are set outside and the next morning Eaton has one of his ice houses filled with the finest ice imaginable. The tanks are made in such a way that they can be separated from the ice cake by the use of a little heated water. This winter Eaton has been storing his 20,000 tons of ice almost every night. The other icemen are worried.

And They're Not.

Mrs. Jawback—You'll never succeed in politics. You're neither a Webster nor a Blaine.

Mr. Jawback—No, but, by Gum, I'm alive!—Cleveland Leader.

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Madison.

University College of Law.

Madison.—One of the most interesting and significant changes in the education and preparation for a profession during the last quarter of a century has been in the training of lawyers. The old plan of reading law in the office of a practicing lawyer has been largely superceded by training in law schools. A great majority of those who seek admission to the bar each year have been students at law schools, whereas a generation ago the number of graduates of such schools applying was proportionately small. To-day there are in the United States 108 law schools with some 15,000 students, while in 1880 there were but 42 law schools and 3,000 students. Members of the bar, whether or not themselves graduates of law schools, recognize the fact that the desultory reading in a busy law office, while it gives familiarity with the routine office work and some experience, can not be equivalent for thorough and systematic instruction by experienced teachers for a period of three years. Practicing lawyers have found that it is more profitable to employ as clerk for office work a graduate of a college of law rather than an ambitious young man who knows nothing of the work. In response to this demand for legal training on the part of young men, the course of law in the law schools of the country have been greatly improved and strengthened and the standard generally considerably raised. The college of law at the University of Wisconsin has been developed and strengthened in several directions during the last two years. The faculty has been increased, the course of study strengthened, the standard of admission raised, and substantial additions have been made to the library.

Wealthy Men in Trouble.

Five lumbermen and bankers representing an aggregate wealth far in excess of $1,000,000, were arrested at Oshkosh by the federal authorities on the charge of conspiracy to defraud the general government by means of alleged land frauds in the state of Oregon. The men arrested are: Leander Choate, James Matt Bray, Benjamin Doughty, James Dougaty and Thomas Daly. Mr. Bray is the president of the Bray & Choate lumber company and Choate is the treasurer of that company. The Doughtys are retired lumbermen. Daly is cashier of the Commercial National bank and all of the men are large stockholders in that institution. The charges contained in the federal grand jury indictments, under which the men are being prosecuted, is that of conspiracy to defraud the federal government by having furnished money to Oregon parties to make and buy homesteads in the state named. The indictment describes the land, and avers that the alleged crime was committed between the years of 1900 and 1902. The men indicted maintain that they never owned the lands described in the indictment, never had anything to do with them, and that they never owned any lands within 40 miles of these in connection with which the fraud is alleged. The belief is that the accused have been made the victims of Oregon land sharks. Oshkosh capitalists, including the five named, have dealt largely in Oregon and Washington lands in recent years, but they have always done it through third parties.

Madison Gets National Picnic.

Madison is to have the national picnic of the Mystic Workers this year and the date will probably be July 27. The occasion is expected to bring from 10,000 to 12,000 strangers to Madison for a day and preparations are now going forward for their entertainment in proper style. At present efforts are in making to secure the best railroad rates possible. There will be a program of speaking and band music, with other picnic features, which will doubtless include steamboat trips on the Madison lakes. Last year the picnic was held at Clinton, Iowa, and brought out 10,000 people. It is an insurance order about ten years old and is confined to the states of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Illinois, Michigan, Missouri and California.

Strong Wisconsin Crew.

With some kind of football at the University of Wisconsin a certainty for next fall, attention is now being turned to the crew and the prospects for a strong badger eight seem bright. Already the crew has been favored by much better weather than it was last year. Almost every day since the ice went out of Lake Mendota the crew has been out on the water for practice. In other words, they have been able to get an early start—almost as early as some of their eastern rivals.

Call Prohibition Convention.

A call for a convention to be held in Madison June 12, was issued by officers of the Wisconsin executive prohibition committee, J. E. Clayton, chairman, saying that it is "the unanimous opinion expressed among prohibitionists everywhere that, for the sake of better preserving the prohibition party organization, arousing enthusiasm among the workers and aiding the voters to make proper selection of candidates for nomination at the primaries, a state convention should be held this year as formerly."

Bowling Tournament Plans.

"Madison bowlers intend to hold the largest bowling tournament in the history of the state next year," said A. L. Langtry. "I recently met John Mitchell, president of the Madison Bowling association, and he said that they would not be satisfied unless 100 teams entered. The state will be gone over from end to end, and as the capital town will probably enter 25 teams itself it is altogether probable that they will set a new entry record next year."

Punishment for Hazing.

Summary action was taken by the University of Wisconsin faculty in regard to the hazing of Freshman Pfiffner of Stevens Point. Two freshmen and one junior, students at the university, were suspended, one freshman being dismissed for good, while the others will be allowed to enter next fall. The one compelled to leave for good is Dexter H. Witte of Waukesha, and the others are Edward O. Steihm, freshman from Johnson's Creek, and H. A. Harper, a Madison junior in the college of letters and science. The hazing is claimed to have been the worst case seen here for many a day. In the first place the hazers attempted to break into the gym to get Pfiffner. He was escorted from there by an officer only after the latter had threatened to shoot the first student that made a move to take the freshman away from him. After the officer left Pfiffner was caught and subjected to a hair cutting, a treatment of iodine and a bath in the lake. The matter was immediately taken up by the discipline committee and the action of the faculty is to be regarded as an announcement that hazing will not be tolerated. Steihm, known as the "freshman king," was president of his class and played center on his class football team. Witte is a prominent freshman crew man. Pfiffner is said to have been hazed as the result of saying in a letter sent to Milwaukee that there was lack of culture at the University of Wisconsin.

Students' Fun with "Artist."

"Mon Dieu, I'll never perform for college students again." This was the declaration of Tony Darnne, a French banjo and elocution artist, who was rushed out of town by a band of 100 students. After dinner, Darnne presented himself at the Phi Delta Theta house and offered to give the crowd an evening of amusement for $10. The Phi Delta telephoned the other fraternities to listen to the "artist." After a ten minute performance the boys decided to put him in the lake. Darnne escaped, but was captured after a four block chase. He was brought to Chadbourne hall and several sorority houses and made to go through the programme. Upon a promise to get out of town on the first train he was released. Darnne offered to return the $10, but the boys declined on the grounds that he had furnished a good evening's amusement.

Judge's Campaign Expenses.

Attorney W. H. Timlin, of Milwaukee, who was recently elected associate judge of the Wisconsin supreme court, filed a statement of his campaign expenses in the office of the secretary of state. He declares that the total amount expended for him was $4,092 of which $1,195 was contributed by bar societies and $2,897 by himself. Of the expenditure newspapers received $800.19. The postage charge is $967.25. According to the statement H. S. Green, secretary of the Timlin campaign committee, received in salary and expenses $565.50. The compensation of Mr. Green's assistants is included in the last statement.

University Elections.

Roland Roehr of Milwaukee was elected chairman of the 1908 Badger board of the University of Wisconsin. As such he will have charge of the greater part of the compilation of that year's annual. Louis G. Burgess of Chicago, an engineering student, was elected business manager and will look after the publication of the book. Quite a lively contest was had in the sophomore class for places. In some of the elections the question of Greek letter men or barbarian was taken into account and in most cases the barbs won out where there was a fight of this kind on hand. This was due to the better organization brought about by the formation of the Wisconsin club—the barb political society which is wielding some influence.

Not Seeking Nomination.

Attorney A. M. Spencer, whose name for weeks has been mentioned in connection with the prospective opposition to Congressman Minor, has made the definite announcement that he would not enter the field. Three other Appleton men have been mentioned as possible candidates, but nothing definite has developed. Among those spoken of by some are Senator F. M. Wilcox, Dr. Robert Leith, deputy state oil inspector, and B. C. Wolter.

State Bakery Inspector Resigns.

L. F. Kutler has tendered his resignation as state bakery inspector, to take effect on June 1. His business in Appleton has grown to such an extent that it will require all of his time.

Brief State Topics.

The National German-American bank of St. Paul, Minn., has been approved as a reserve agent for the National bank of Merrill.

J. K. Johnson, former assemblyman and chairman of the finance committee of the La Crosse county board, who for many years conducted a general merchandise store in West Salem, has made an assignment to Frank Nye. While the liabilities are unknown, it is understood creditors will be paid in full. Severe competition caused the assignment.

Commissioners have awarded $1,575 in the condemnation case of the Chicago & Milwaukee Electric railway against William Pierce of Mount Pleasant, Racine county. Pierce estimated his damages at $12,000. This practically gives the company a right of way from Kenosha to Racine.

By unanimous vote of the stockholders of the Waupaca County National bank, ratified by a unanimous vote of its board of directors, and by the consent of the controller of the currency, the name of the Waupaca County National bank has been changed to the First National bank of Waupaca.

IS HEAD OF LOYAL LEGION.

Major W. W. Rowley, Quartermaster of Soldiers' Home, Honored by His Comrades.

Milwaukee.—Maj. W. W. Rowley, quartermaster of the soldiers' home, was elected commander of the military order of the Loyal Legion of Wisconsin at the annual meeting. He succeeds Capt. Irving M. Bean, retiring commander, who invested the board of newly-elected officials. Officers for the ensuing year are.

Commander—Maj. W. W. Rowley.

Senior vice commander—Capt. J. W. Sanderson, Beaver Dam.

Junior vice commander—Lieut. Fred A. Wilde.

Recorder—Capt. A. Ross Huston.

Registrar—Capt. A. P. Foster.

Treasurer—Capt. Howard Greene.

Chancellor—Charles A. Pride.

Chaplain—Rev. A. L. Bumpus.

Members of council—Capt. Otto C. B. Lademann, Maj. Bernard O'Reilley, Paymaster Justin W. Meacham, Joseph McC. Bell, Jr., Charles S. Carter.

FALL FATAL TO VETERAN.

George Perkins, Well Known Throughout the State, Dies at His Home at Fond du Lac.

Fond du Lac.—George Perkins, one of Fond du Lac's best-known citizens, is dead. He fell on Main street a few days ago, sustaining a severe fracture of the hip, the effects of which resulted in his death. He served during the war as lieutenant in company B, Fifty-first W. V. I., enlisting at Ripon in 1864. He was elected district attorney, served as city comptroller and was for years county judge. He also served as city clerk and trustee of the library. He leaves three children, George, of Sac City, Ia.; J. B. and Miss Frances, of Fond du Lac. Mr. Perkins was the oldest member of the Fond du Lac County Bar association.

SHOOTS INVADER OF HOME.

Mrs. Joseph Schultz Fires Charge from Army Musket Into George Sawyer, at Shilton.

Shilton.—In an effort to protect herself and home, Mrs. Joseph Schultz, living on the outskirts of this city, shot and killed George Sawyer, who attempted to force his way into the house. As he tried to break in the door he got the contents of an old army musket which the woman grabbed hurriedly. The man was employed in the ditching works and was 45 years old. Mrs. Schultz was arrested after an attempt to escape.

Gas Companies Want Franchises.

Racine.—Efforts are being made to secure a franchise for the laying of a gas main from this city to Kenosha in order that the Racine company may aid the Kenosha company in taking charge of the great demand for gas. Petitions for right to lay the main have been sent to the town chairmen of Mount Pleasant, Racine county, and Somers, Kenosha county, and as a consideration the companies interested agree to furnish gas for both illumination and cooking to the property owners along the way selected for the laying of the mains.

Holdup Men Beaten Off.

Baraboo.—While Isaac Payne and son, who reside in the country, were driving home they were held up by two men who at the point of a revolver demanded their money. After a desperate struggle in which Mr. Payne sustained severe injuries, the would-be highwaymen were frightened away by the appearance of another team. William Bailey and Charles Dennis were arrested, charged with the crime.

Widow Gets Insurance Verdict.

Fond du Lac.—Mrs. Mary Loehr has won a suit for $1,404 against the Equitable Fraternal Union for the policy on her husband's life. The defense contended that Loehr was afflicted with rheumatism when he took out the $2,000 policy, but misrepresented his condition. The case will be appealed to the state supreme court.

Death of Former Assemblyman.

Stevens Point.—Charles A. Lane, clerk of Portage county for 22 successive years, died, aged 81 years. He was a native of New York, coming to Wisconsin half a century ago. Mr. Lane was postmaster of Plover from 1848 to 1852 and a member of the assembly in 1851 and 1852. He leaves a daughter and a son.

Declines South American Post.

Oshkosh. — Consul General Richard Guenther, of Frankfort, Germany, who is here on a two months' vacation, declined an offer from Secretary Root to be consul general at Capetown, South Africa, because he is 60 years old. He admits a Mexican post would be acceptable. He returns to Germany May 19.

Child Choked to Death.

Marcellon.—The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Comstock fell between the tines of a hay rake and was choked to death before he was found.

Ten Years for Henry G. Goll.

Milwaukee.—Sentence of ten years at hard labor in the government prison at Fort Leavenworth, where Frank G. Bigelow is now serving a like sentence, was imposed upon Henry G. Goll, convicted of being Bigelow's accomplice, by Judge J. V. Quarles in the United States district court.

Ice Company's Barns Burned.

Twin Lakes.—The barns of the Knickerbocker Ice company were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $2,000, with partial insurance.

Child Burned to Death.

West Bend.—Tied up at home by her father because he feared harm would come to his weak-minded daughter, Helen Kron, aged eight years, was found mysteriously burned to a crisp on the return home of the father. He is frantic with grief.

Boy Impaled on Fence.

Janesville. — Ten-year-old Micky Burns was impaled on a picket fence near the Presbyterian parsonage while playing. He hung there until rescued and was seriously hurt.

News of Wisconsin

Interesting Happenings in the Various Cities and Towns of the State.

PLACED ON RETIRED LIST.

Active Services of Brigadier General Patrick Henry Ray Are Brought to an End.

Milwaukee.—Brig. Gen. Patrick Henry Ray, son of the late Adam E. Ray, who represented a Walworth county district in the assembly in 1851 and was a factor in the building of the first railroad in Wisconsin, and a brother of Charles Ray, of Milwaukee, has gone to the retired list of the United States army.

Young Ray came to Milwaukee in May, 1861, and joined Capt. A. J. Langworthy's company, which became a part of the Second Wisconsin infantry, whose first colonel was S. Park Coon, a prominent Milwaukee lawyer. He was at the battle of First Bull run 45 years ago, July 21. In 1862 his company was transferred to heavy artillery, and during the balance of the war his service was in the forts about Washington, in which he won promotion to corporal, sergeant, second lieutenant and captain, and was mustered out in June, 1865. One of the soldier pictures he sent home shows his head and face, his body being in a cannon. Six weeks later he was made captain in the Sixth United States veteran infantry, with which he served until April, 1866. In March, 1867, he accepted an appointment as second lieutenant of the Thirty-third infantry, and two years later was transferred to the Eighth infantry, with which regiment he served, except a few months in 1902, until 1903, or 34 years, when he became colonel of the Fourth infantry. In 1898, when he was captain of the regulars, he was made colonel of a volunteer regiment that served nearly a year in Cuba, and had a large part on restoring peace to the long disturbed island. Gen. Ray had two tours in Alaska, two in the Philippines and has served in nearly every department of the army, always ranking well as an officer and soldier. Gen. Ray is a brother-in-law of United States Marshall T. B. Reid.

Young Man's Sad Downfall.

Kenosha.—Nicholas Goergen, one of the best known young men of the town of Somers, was arrested here on a charge of burglary. The residence of Herman J. Tennesen, in the town of Somers was entered and a wallet containing $100 stolen. Goergen was suspected of the crime, and after a warrant had been issued for his arrest he surrendered to the chief of police. The two drove to the Goergen home, and Goergen showed the chief the hiding place of the money. He will be held on a charge of burglary. Goergen is a member of one of the best known families in the town of Somers.

Pleaded Guilty to Serious Charge.

Racine.—Robert D. Lincoln, superintendent of the underground construction of the Wisconsin Telephone company, was arrested here on a serious charge. He pleaded guilty and was fined $300 and costs. It was charged that he lived at a hotel here with May O'Connor for several months. There was a Milwaukee woman also mixed up in the case and it was she who complained to the officers. The wife of Lincoln accompanied him from the jail to court. A year ago she followed him and the O'Connor woman to Green Bay and created a scene at a hotel.

Plan Interurban Railway.

Appleton.—Representatives of Indiana and eastern capitalists were in the city to investigate plans for an interurban railway from Appleton to Waupaca, via New London, Hortonville and Greenville. The proposed route covers a distance of about 40 miles and traverses a rich farming country, most of which is not touched by steam railways. The men have been at work at New London and other towns on the proposed route, and indications are that franchises and right of way will be secured without difficulty.

Milwaukee Centenarian Dead.

Milwaukee.—Mrs. August Zenda, aged 101 years, a widow, residing at No. 925 Sobieski street, dropped dead at her home. Mrs. Zenda lived with her daughter, and had been ill for some time. Death was due to heart disease. The case was reported to the coroner, but no inquest will be held. Mrs. Zenda was one of Milwaukee's oldest inhabitants.

Churches Are Liberal.

La Crosse.—La Crosse churches have contributed about $800 to the rebuilding of the Catholic churches at San Francisco.

Wants Case Investigated.

Racine.—John Morgan, manager of the Babcock Fire Extinguisher company, of South Milwaukee, applied to the state board of health for an investigation into the smallpox cases at South Milwaukee. Morgan claims that some cases broke out in his factory; that the authorities made an attempt to quarantine him, and he came to Racine; then the mayor of this city was notified and warned to lock up Morgan, but refused. He wants the state board to make a thorough investigation.

Three Church Anniversaries.

Beaver Dam.—The Assembly Presbyterian church celebrated the forty-eighth year of its organization, the thirty-ninth year of the service of its pastor, Rev. Thomas S. Johnson, and the tenth anniversary of Smith chapel at North Londe.

Employes Get Half Holiday.

Racine.—Twenty-five hundred employes of the J. I. Case company signed and presented a petition to the corporation asking for a half holiday on Saturday and the request has been granted.

FEES IN SCHANDEIN CONTEST.

Fight Over Will Proved Small Gold Mine to Members of the Legal Fraternity.

Milwaukee.—Lawyers in this city received fees to the amount of over $125,000 for the settlement of the Schandein will case. This money is paid by the contestants of the will, Mrs. Ella Frank and Emil Schandein. The leading lawyers in the case were James G. Flanders, Charles L. Fawcett, Charles Quarles, George P. Miller, recently elected to the board of trustees of the New York Mutual Life Insurance company; E. L. Frisbie, of Buffalo, and N. M. Redfield.

An official review and summary of the settlement and the will, which is now to be probated in due form, shows that Mrs. Frank and Emil Schandein get $155,000 each. When they have paid the expenses of the litigation they will have about $100,000 each left. In addition to this they have an income of about $12,000 a year from real estate.

The settlement is as follows: Mrs. Heyl gives to Emil Schandein and Mrs. Frank 200 shares each out of her 2,500 shares of Pabst Brewing company stock. These two also receive $50,000.

Mrs. Heyl retains 2,900 shares and Mr. Heyl 118 shares of stock of the Pabst Brewing company.

TO HONOR FIRST GOVERNOR.

Committee Has Plans in Hand for Monument to Be Erected to Nelson Dewey.

Lancaster.—After eight years of delay the legislative committee to select a design for the erection of a monument for the late Gov. Dewey, met, and if their plans carry, before a year the monument will be completed. The famous Italian sculptor, Sig. Trentenove, who designed the monument of Father Jacques Marquette, met with the committee in the executive chamber and will select the design.

Nelson Dewey was the first governor in Wisconsin after the admission, serving from July 7, to January 5, 1852. He died July 2, 1889. He was buried in the Episcopal church yard, which surrounds the church right in the heart of this city.

State Golf Tournament.

Janesville.—Among the features being arranged for the state golf tournament here in June is a handicap match for golfers over 50 years of age of 18 holes. Entries are also being received from ladies throughout the state who will compete in the ladies' tournament, which will be conducted for the first time at the June meeting. Indications at present point to a large attendance, and the local club is making every preparation to make the event a success.

Regent Burned in Effigy.

Stevens Point.—A group of students witnessed the burning of an effigy of Regent McFarland at the southeast corner of the Normal school campus in plain view of Mr. McFarland's home. During the burning of the effigy there was much cheering. This was the second attempt to burn the effigy, the first being a failure on account of members of the faculty who kept watch and ordered the students home.

Ill Health Causes Suicide.

Manitowoc.—Frank Dvorak, a retired farmer living near Francis Creek, took a quarter of a pound of Paris Green to commit suicide. Relatives summoned a physician, but Dvorak fought against the combined efforts of all until the poison got in its work and he died. He was despondent because of sickness. He leaves a wife and family in well to do circumstances.

Broken Dam Flooded Town.

Marinette.—The dam of the Crivitz Paper & Pulp company was carried out and the town flooded with five to ten feet of water. Farmers lose heavily in stock drowned. Pigs, cows, and chickens were drowned in the rush of water.

Fast Fight Soon Ended.

Kenosha.—In the fastest fight ever seen in Kenosha, Jack Bennett, of Chicago, knocked out Earl Greibel, of Milwaukee in the first round here before a crowd of 1,500 people. The men fought less than ten seconds.

Costly Piece of Spite Work.

Wausau.—Joseph Kopzynsky was found guilty of arson and got a five years' sentence. He set fire to his own place to spite his wife.

Charged with Chicken Stealing.

Fond du Lac.—Henry Smith, who claims to be from Green Bay, was arrested on the charge of committing wholesale chicken thefts. Farmers have been reporting to the police that their hen roosts were being raided. It is alleged that Smith sold about $57 worth of chickens.

State Convention for Baraboo.

Baraboo.—The state convention of the American Society of Equity will hold its annual convention here May 22 and 23.

Fatal Accident at Depere.

Depere.—George Nahnke, aged 22 years, whose home is at No. 976 Eighth street, Milwaukee, was crushed between two freight cars at the Milwaukee depot. He had ridden to Depere in a box car and was preparing to take the north-bound freight when the accident happened.

Resigns His Pastorate.

Beloit.—Rev. T. T. Creswell, of the First Presbyterian church, has resigned to go to Pomona, Cal. He has been west for his health.

The Fashions of the Day

TWO HANDSOME BLOUSES WITH EMBROIDERY WITH INSET LACE MOTIFS.

Shirt waists of snowy white, sheer waist of snowy white, all womankind arrayed in summer stuffs. It is hard to tell where the shirt waist stops and lingerie waist begins, for they are so closely related. One sees a charming negligee shirt waist that looks like a boating shirt, the sleeves short with turn back cuffs, the collar a lay-down, easy bit of neckwear finished with a soft, easy-looking tie. This promises to be a feature of waists of the summer of 1906, and one can readily see it has considerable to recommend it, perhaps the chief thing the unmistakable air of comfort. The pretty sailor is a very appropriate accompaniment.

We must be either very short waisted to-day or else very long waisted and svelte—Empire modes or elongated bodice. The models shown in the illustration belong decidedly to the latter class. On the lingerie blouse of latest style we find the trimming slightly different from last year, the chief novelty, perhaps, the use of heavy lace and embroidery on sheer material, used in narrow inset lines. It is a pretty idea, emphasizes the fineness of the material. Not a few of the new lingerie blouses are quite low in the neck; there are some with a square neck, some V-shaped, and others with the round Dutch neck—also styled the Alice Roosevelt. All sleeves are short.

One sees such lovely shades of green this year, and though green hats cannot be said to retain the popularity of a couple of years back those that are abroad are generally extremely pretty. The green most approved is a soft gray green, not the brilliant emerald obtaining earlier. There is no color cooler looking in summer, more refreshing, and when becoming it is a wise choice for a warm weather frock. Charming green voiles are noticed, and some charming green taffetas.

For evening wear crepe de chine is in high favor, and a favored trimming is the new ribbon embroidery. Touches of black velvet are much used very pretty with summer gowns. It is seen rather on evening occasions than for the street, where there is observable more harmony than contrast. And speaking of street costumes, everybody is getting weary of corselet skirt and abbreviated bolero, the short-waisted jackets that extend below the waist line are in better style; one sees numbers of excellent ones of this sort, they look so simple and neat, not ambitious and obtrusive like the tight-fitting corselet.

An evening frock of white pongee silk, merits description, is one that the home dressmaker might successfully copy. The skirt is finished with several rows of large tucks, placed at intervals of two inches and reaching up to the knees. The bodice is cut V shape, and has a yoke and sleeves of lace, and broad tucks of pongee blouse over a belt of chine silk. The lace yoke should be cut V-shape back and front, a pretty mode and one approved at the moment. The sleeves and yoke should be transparent.

Suddenly up looms the all-black suit as the height of fashion, and this in a day when color and white were promised as ruling. But not every woman is able to wear all-black, and these need not mourn for they have very much to choose from. It is a long time since black has been seen to any great extent, women of all ages having silently consigned it to the far background. For evening wear white is the leader, though there are some very nice frocks in the delicate shades, so popular the past winter. Beautiful white linen suits are presently to appear, the half loose coat edged and elaborately trimmed with heavy insertions of Irish lace. A heavy embroidery may be substituted with good effect.

The Matinee-Jacket Girl

The matinee girl and the matinee-jacket girl need not be at all alike; one loves to spend sentimental hours with a stage hero, one loves to lounge in budoir privacy and comfort.

But in summer there are days when we are all matinee-jacket inclined, when even the most energetic is glad to take to comfortable loose negligee and comfortable pillowed couch; wherefore it is well to present a little talk on present-day styles in negligee costume.

One may spend a small fortune on tea-jacket and tea gown, and one may attain very attractive ones for only a small outlay. Imported, hand made lingerie affairs cost way up, are impossible for the average purse; but one may throw together oneself, if at all capable, some filmy stuff and feel quite content with results. There are figured swisses that that need but little trimming and are inexpensive and very appropriate for summer lounging robe and sack; there are wash silks that are likewise inexpensive and pretty mulls, lawns, handkerchief linen—any number of materials. Empire styles are liked, the short-waisted girdle made of insertion and lace like that with which the garment is trimmed. The loose sack, loose from short yoke down, is still in favor, and the other day we saw a novelty in the way of one meant to slip on over the head. This had a square neck, the opening large enough to go over the head easily, and there was avoided the usual problem of how to keep a loose sack closed—as a rule always unfastening at the most awkward moment.

Of course, sleeves are all short, for coolness, and to give the dressy look desired. Sometimes the sleeve will be a mere ruffle, a deep frill. The flowered dimities and organdies are preferred by some, for the reason that there is less of a night gown appearance in colored materials. Made up with three tiny frills at the bottom, a lace yoke and lace-trimmed sleeves, there is less of a night-gown appearance. The designs of the day, the neat little rosebud patterns, are well suited to these dainty negligees.

Challis is an excellent material to select for the light-weight tea-gown, and the challis of the season are particularly pretty for house gowns, cotton crepes are also effective, very good for the long trailing Empire modes. With such a gown one should take pains to dress the hair in picturesque, high fashion, and with a careless looseness in harmony with the negligee costume. One can be comfortable and at the same time have regard for appearances—and if this is adhered to we shall find fewer criticisms.

COMFORTABLE AND PRETTY.

Japan and China, lands where women are supposed to spend their days in uninterrupted ease, lend us good ideas for negligee costumes, and we have borrowed the pagoda sleeves, modified the kimona to suit our ideas. We also borrow the foot gear of the orient to a certain extent, their cool sandals and silken shoes. The inexpensive Turkish slippers, which come in such delectable hues and bronzes, often are just the thing to accompany a lounging costume—depending, of course, upon the style and color of the gown or jacket. Dainty underclothes should be worn with the lounging toilet, let nothing disturb the effect of exquisiteness and repose. It makes one shudder to see an exquisite kimona above heavy calf-skin shoes, and one does not particularly care for a Japanese gown accompanied by Turkish footwear. Just a little thought, attention to details, is needed for right dressing—not a lot of money.

ELLEN OSMONDE.

THE NEW NORTH.

PARK & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

C. M. PARK, EDITOR AND MANAGER

Hobson for president in 1908, and Hoch of Kansas for vice president would make fine running mates on an osculation platform.

The Milwaukee Journal says that "Uncle Ike" will not state his choice for governor until he "counts his chips and looks at his hand." "Uncle Ike" will "stay."

A young lady teacher at Mansfield Ohio was dismissed as teacher before the expiration of her contract a few days ago, and brought suit against the board of education for $350. The defense proved the teacher was in love while serving as teacher, and for that reason was not competent, The jury accepted the view of the defense in the matter,

If this was the young lady's first offense, the verdict was probably just, as a young lady who has her first "beau" is too much for most people. With the second or third "crush" it is not so bad, but the first—we ask to be excused. "We were all young once" is a common expression, but there is another one that knocks the romance all out of it—"Business is business."

NOT A CANDIDATE.

The Sentinel's dispatches from Washington announce the fact that Hon. W. E. Brown will not be a candidate for renomination to congress.

The dispatch, in the shape of an interview with Mr. Brown, quotes him as saying:

"In order to be fair to those who seriously aspire to the position which I now hold and who by virtue of their service to the party are entitled to recognition and consideration and that all doubt as to my position may be removed, I will say that after careful consideration for business and personal reasons, I have decided not to enter the field for nomination and election to the sixtieth congress.

"I have found it difficult to reach this conclusion in view of the numerous letters expressing confidence in my ability to secure the nomination and the many personal assurances of hearty support that I have received from all parts of the district, but in justice to my business associates and to myself, I have decided upon this course. When my present term expires will have served for three successive terms or for six years, a period of service equaling in length that of any of my predecessors. I feel grateful to my constituency both in the old Ninth district and in the present Tenth for the confidence they have always placed in me as shown by the fact that I have been nominated three successive times without opposition, and for the unanimity with which I have been supported at the polls.

"I have at all times endeavored to represent the whole district and to that end have tried in a prompt and business like way to serve the interests of every citizen who has called upon me. That my impartial efforts in their behalf have been appreciated is evidenced by the many acknowledgments of services rendered and the urgent requests from numerous sources throughout the district that I again become a candidate.

"Now that I have decided to retire from congress I wish to say that my efforts will be put forth as heretofore in the interests of the republican party in the district and the candidate who secures the nomination as my successor will receive my unqualified support."

Representative Brown is now serving his third term in the house, having succeeded Alexander Stewart of Wausau when the latter retired at the end of the fifty-sixth congress. Mr Brown has been identified with that large class of business congressmen who, in the committee rooms perform excellent work that rarely comes to the attention of the public. He has been seldom heard in debate, although he has made two or three brief speeches on questions that came from the committees upon which he has served. Mr. Brown has been a member of the important committee on Indian affairs since the fifty seventh congress, and in his second term he was promoted to the chairmanship, that of mines and mining, a distinction rately conferred upon new members.

Mr. Brown's decision will be a disappointment to his friends who were ready to take off their coats and work for his renomination.

He has been a competent member of congress, just such a man as the district needed. He gave his whole time to the work and served his constituents well.

MINOCQUA.

May has in some way become possessed of all the erratic moods of April.

"Where not the plow can go, where not the grape can grow, there ought to stand a tree." A suggestion to our town board.

The "tree trimmer" has again been active this spring. Valuable information on this subject is contained in Prof. S. H. Bayley's "Pruning Books," which should be in the library of every tree lover.

The Local Audubon Society contemplate leasing placards containing the law of Wisconsin on the protection of birds and their eggs.

H. Baker of Minneapolis is visiting his sister Mrs. Hooper.

Miss White, teacher in our public schools, who received word of the death of a relative, returned yesterday from Merrill.

Mrs. Plunkett returned Sunday from Grand Rapids, where she visited her mother and friends.

Mrs. E. Norton of Lac du Flambeau is visiting Mrs. O. F. Dorwin.

Mrs. Hamblin of Chicago is a guest of the "Lakeside."

"All good things come to him who waits." Two sites for parks are now assured and plans for landscape treatment are under consideration.

The musical and literary program Saturday night was a pronounced success. The affair was under the auspices of the High school athletic club.

The dramatic club gave a satisfactory production of "Finnegan's Fortune" at Lac du Flambeau Friday night, and will next appear at Arbor Vitae. Full of native wit and droll situations it readily meets with public approval.

The second game scheduled by the High school athletics resulted in a score of 11 to 0 in favor of the visiting Hazelhurst team. The earnestness, eagerness and fine form of the home team together with the loyal support of the students will make their efforts a success.

A May party is now a much discussed event. The entertainment will open with a musical program consisting of the songs of all nations, after which the May pole dance will be given by a number of young ladies. This will be followed by the crowning of their May queen.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF THE TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

We the undersigned Republicans of the City of Ashland appointed at a mass meeting of Ashland Republicans as a committee of twenty to do every thing in a legitimate way to advance and promote the candidacy of James H. Madden of Ashland for the Republican nomination for Congress in this district, hereby appeal to you to join with us in supporting Mr. Madden as a candidate.

We base this appeal because in the first place the Republican nomination for congress is fairly and rightfully deserved by the city of Ashland. Ashland according to the last census is the largest city in the congressional district and yet it has never had one of its citizens as a congressman while during the past fifteen or twenty years Wausau, Merrill, Antigo and Rhinelander, about the largest four cities in the district next nearest Ashland in size, have at different times been represented in congress by one of their own cities. During all this period Ashland has regularly and loyally supported Republican principles furnishing splendid majorities for Republican candidates at every election and now appealing to the fairness of the Republicans of this district we ask in justice to our city, the largest in the district, that this high honor of the Republican nomination for congress be bestowed on one of our own citizens James H Madden.

The candidacy of Mr. Madden is in no sense a personal or factional one. He was brought out as a candidate at a mass meeting of the republicans of the city with absolute harmony and unity and he is being supported by the solid Republican vote of our city, who recognize in him a man and candidate that any city can be proud to claim. His candidacy is not being personally foisted on this district by himself alone or by a small handful of Republicans but his campaign is conducted by the undersigned committee of twenty Republicans, who represent every element of the Republican party of this city, and who are thoroughly representative of the sentiment, spirit and wishes of the Republicans of Ashland.

We appeal to you Republicans of this great district to give your support to Mr. Madden because he is in every way worthy of this honor. The people of our city recognize his honor and integrity as the very highest, they know from years of friendship and acquaintance with him that as a public official his character will never be blemished and that he will loyally uphold the principles of the Republican party and be alive to take every step that will help to upbuild this great new north. He has been very successful as a follower of the great trade that means so much to this district, the lumber industry, and with his extensive acquaintance throughout Northern Wisconsin he knows the needs of this region and he is familiar with measures that will benefit it.

The Republicans of Ashland ask his nomination because as a man Mr. Madden is in every way worthy of it, and because this city well deserves it. We have entered this contest with confidence and enthusiasm. We have the utmost confidence in the qualifications of our candidate, we believe the fairness of the Republicans will concede this nomination this time to our city and we propose to actively conduct this campaign to victory and in generous spirit, fairness and justice we believe we are entitled to your support.

E. E. Tennant, Member of Governor's Staff; A. W. Sanborn State Senator 12th District; E. B. Gordon, Assemblyman, Ashland County; G. H. McLeod, Chairman Rep. County Committee and Municipal Judge Ashland County; G. F. Merrill, President of Wisconsin University Board of Regents; A. P. Andrus Pres. State Board Medical Examiners and President Ashland City Council; G. M. Burnham, Federal Port Collector and Editor Ashland Daily Press; W. C. Knowles, Chairman Ashland County Board; J. W. Cochran, Delegate Republican Convention 1904 from 10th District; M. E. Dillon, District Attorney Ashland County; D. A. McLean, Sheriff Ashland County; C. M. Archibald, County Treasurer; Theodore Yankee, County Clerk; Jacob Vderstad, Clerk of Circuit Court; Fred Peterson, County Register of Deeds; J. A. Cobb, Member Police and Fire Commission; John Holman, Deputy State Oil Inspector; James Good, Secretary Ashland County Fair Ass'n; F. O. Tarbox, President Chequamegon Bay Transportation Co; R. W. Parsons, Member at large, School Board.

MONICO.

Miss Ida Sheen did shopping in Rhinelander Wednesday.

Ben. Glep is putting the mill in order to commence sawing. It will be ready to start in about two weeks.

Mrs. B. F. Jillson did shopping in Rhinelander Wednesday.

Miss Anna Hart was in Rhinelander Thursday.

John Carley was in Rhinelander on business Monday.

Miss Alta Taylor spent Sunday in Rhinelander.

Fred Kessler did business in Rhinelander Saturday.

Mike Kelly went to Watersmeet Friday to attend the funeral of his brother Jas. Kelly.

Mrs. Jas. Murphy and Mrs. Chas. McMahon of Rhinelander are visiting their mother Mrs. Jas Green.

Howard Hardgrave of Minneapolis was in town on business Saturday.

Misses Haz I Farley and Glen Oxley did shopping in Rhinelander Tuesday.

HAZELHURST.

Oscar Knabe and Miss Bertha Berg were united in marriage last Saturday, week, at the home of Mr. John Sidelmann, the groom's brother-in-law. Only near relatives were invited but the uninvited boys gave them a good send off with tin pans, etc. Many congratulations are extended and wishes of many happy and prosperous years.

The base ball team went up to Minocqua last Sunday and wiped them up good and plenty. A return game will be played May 27.

Mrs. H. C. Cleveland who has been quite sick is convalescing nicely.

Miss Blanche Deerran who has been teaching at Tomahawk Lake closed school there last week and returned home.

SPECIALISTS

FROM THE

Cleveland Institute of Medicine and Surgery, Cleveland, Ohio,

Will pay their first visit to

RHINELANDER, WIS.

And will be at the

Fuller House Friday, May 25.

Tell your sick friends.

ONE DAY ONLY.

9 A. M. to 7:30 P. M.

FREE

This Institute in order to introduce their new Medical Discoveries and X-Radium System, sends at its own expense these eminent specialists to give to those who call on the above date, consultation, examination, advice and all medicine required to complete a cure, absolutely free.

These specialists will diagnose your case and give you the benefit of their medical knowledge. Their is no experimenting or guess work. You will be told whether you can be cured or not. If your case is curable, they treat you; if incurable they will give you such advice as may prolong your life.

Their treatment gives quick relief and positively cures. Being prepared to suit each individual case the human system is thoroughly cleansed of the disease in a natural and direct manner and improvement is noticed at once; even the worst cases are treated without any inconvenience to the patient or the pursuing of his daily vocation. If you are improving under your family physician do not come and take up their valuable time. They wish to give each one plenty of time, but cannot listen to long stories not pertaining to your case.

They have discarded the old remedies used for ages by the medical world and which it would be folly to depend upon any longer for they do not cure, as thousands die depending on them for relief.

The fact that these Specialists have discovered entirely new treatments and natural cures, gives them control of the Nervous System, Heart, Stomach, Lungs, Kidneys, Catarrh, Consumption, Epilepsy, Deafness, Male and Female Weaknesses, Cancers, Tumors, Piles and other Chronic Diseases.

They treat deafness by an entirely new method and hearing in many cases is restored at once. Catarrh in all its varied forms cured so it will never return. If you have weak lungs or consumption do not fail to be examined.

All cases treated can and will be cured, no difference who you have been treated with heretofore. Thousands who have given up all hope of being cured, now have an opportunity to consult specialists of reputation.

Dont fail to call as a visit costs you nothing and may save your life.

If you suspect kidney trouble, bring a two ounce bottle of your urine for chemical and microscopical analysis.

REMEMBER:—The free offer is during this visit only and will not be given again. Persons commencing any treatment after this trip will be required to pay, but not one cent will be asked of those commencing treatment during this visit for any medicine necessary to effect a cure; also a positive guarantee to cure will be given to patients accepted under their system of treatment. Those having long standing and complicated diseases who have failed to get cured and become discouraged, are especially invited to call as thousands who have given up all hopes can testify to permanent cures obtained.

NOTICE:—Married Ladies without their *Husbands* and Minors without their *Fathers*, will positively not be admitted to consultation.

Office Hours 9 A. M. to 7:30 P. M.

Don't Forget the Date

DON'T FORGET THE DATE FRIDAY, MAY 25, ONE DAY ONLY.

APPLICATION FOR FRANCHISE.

The undersigned E. A. Edmonds, a resident of Rhinelander, Wisconsin, hereby makes application to the common Council of the City of Rhinelander for the following franchise, such franchise to run to the said E. A. Edmonds, his heirs and assigns:

1. The right to build and operate electric railway lines upon the following streets in the city of Rhinelander: Prospect street, Oneida street, Arbutus street, Pelham street, Anderson street, Brown street, Davenport street, High street, Alban street, Mason street, Kemp street and the highway through the city park to the center of the bridge across the Pelican River. Such franchise to be exclusive. Tracks to be either single or double on any streets as the said E. A. Edmonds, his heirs or assigns shall elect and with all necessary switches and turnouts and the franchise to include the use of all bridges and viaducts on such streets without liability for contributing to the keeping of such viaducts and bridges in repair.

2. Such rights to lapse at the end of five years from the date on which the franchise is granted, as to all such streets or parts of streets as have not been occupied by such tracks within said time. Such franchise to be perpetual. Maximum fare to be five cents

Dated May 15, 1906.

E. A. EDMONDS.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
May 4, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on July 12th, 1906, viz: Rechtable Hamilton, who made H. E. No. 9294 for the S½ SW¼ Sec. 24, Tp. 37 N., R. 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Moore, Reuben Hamilton, George J. Lyons and Charles B. Howe, of Rhinelander.

JOHN W. MILLER, Register.

m10-j7.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, IN CIRCUIT COURT FOR ONEIDA COUNTY.

Harry R. Prior, Plaintiff,

vs.

Nettie Prior, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin: To the Said Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

D. H. WALKER,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wisconsin.

The complaint herein is on file with the Clerk of the Court, Rhinelander, Wis.

a13-m31.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

Cornelia S. Crofoot, Plaintiff, vs. Edward B. Crofoot and Juliet A. Crofoot his wife; Gilbert Forrest, Mrs. Jessie H. Epply, Charles S. Crofoot as administrator of the estate of Edward B. Crofoot, deceased; Charles S. Crofoot and Alta A. Crofoot, children and heirs at law of Edward B. Crofoot, deceased, Defendant.

By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale, entered in said court in the above entitled action on the 3rd day of May, 1905, I shall offer for sale, and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the 22nd day of June, 1906, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the west door of the Court House, in the City of Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wisconsin, the following described real estate, being the mortgaged premises described in said judgment, to-wit:

The north east fractional quarter of Section number one (1), in township number thirty-six (36) north, of Range number eight (8) east, except as follows: Commencing at the south east corner of the north east quarter of Section one aforesaid, running thence west on the quarter line a distance of forty rods; thence north, parallel with the east line of said quarter section, twenty rods; thence east, parallel with the south line of said section, forty rods; thence south to the place of beginning five acres more or less.

Also lots number one (1), two (2), ten (10) eleven (11) and twelve (12), in Block number two (2) of the Second replat of Mill Lots C and D and First Replat of Block six (6) of the Village (now City) of Rhinelander, all in Oneida County, Wisconsin, to satisfy said judgment with costs and expenses of sale.

Dated May 4th, 1906.

W. F. STEVENS,
Sheriff.

m10-j14.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES!

SPECIAL LINE OF

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For more than twenty years Mr. J. B. Massey, of 3522 Clinton St. Minneapolis, Minn., was tortured by sciatica. The pain and suffering which he endured during this time is beyond comprehension. Nothing gave him any permanent relief until he used Chamberlain's Pain Balm. One application of that liniment relieved the pain and made sleep and rest possible, and less than one bottle has effected a permanent cure. If troubled with sciatica or rheumatism why not try a 25-cent bottle of Pain Balm and see for yourself how quickly it relieves the pain. For sale by

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Public Works of the City of Rhinelander, up to the hour of 3 p. m. May 19th 1906, for the constructing and laying of an 8 inch sewer on Arbutus street from Prospects street north to connect with sewer on Pelham street.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Council,

GUST SWEDBERG, City Clerk.

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For Concrete and Cement Work

Delivered to Any Part of City

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Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hay, Flour and Feed.

Sole agent for Dr. Peter's Kuriko Best Blood Medicine, $1.25 per bottle. Oleoid, a celebrated liniment, 50c per bottle.

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Also a complete line of everything that is needed in the school room.

F. E. Kretlow, Proprietor

Boston Excursion Via The Wabash.

The Wabash will sell excursion tickets to Boston, May 31 to June 9, via Niagara Falls and direct lines, via Montreal, or via New York, at one fare plus $1 00 for the round trip Extended return limit July 15, 1906 Write for printed matter and full details. F. H. TRUTHAM, Ass't Gen Pass. Agent 97 Adams St., Chicago. m17 31.

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Over a million acres of land will be thrown open to settlement on the Shoshone Indian reservation August 15, 1906. These lands are reached by the direct route of the Chicago & Northwestern R'y from Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Omaha, and other points in the Mississippi Valley. Send 2c in stamps for pamphlets, maps and full particulars to W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., C. & N. W. R'y Co. Chicago. j14.

Not If as Rich as Rockefeller.

If you had all the wealth of Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, you could not buy a better medicine for bowel complaints than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The most eminent physician cannot prescribe a better preparation for colic and diarrhoea, both for children and adults. The uniform success of this remedy has shown it to be superior to all others. It never fails, and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. Every family should be supplied with it. Sold by

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Ready money easily made by selling popular accident and health insurance policies. Liberal contracts to agents. Write at once for terms. Continental Casualty Co., 138 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. m3-21.

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Before that totally different wheel—the BICYCLE—was invented or even thought of, the Chicago World's Fair was a thing of the past. The

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given in the bicycle class at the St. Louis World's Fair was awarded to the Bicycle. Which will you ride for Fun, the winner, or one of the others?

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Sewing Machines and .....Phonographs

And do all kinds of light Machinery Repairing . . .

My store is on the corner of Rives and Thayer St.

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I am the sole agent in Rhinelander for this celebrated shoe. This shoe sells for $3.00. It is the best and only shoe for the foot and is worn by people every where The Ralston Health shoe comes in all sizes and styles.

See My Window Display of Men's Fine Footwear

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In competition for beer supremacy with the Rhinelander brand. Purity, palatability and all 'round excellence prove our claim to first prize for all that's best in beer. Singularly enough our charge for this wholesome beverage is little if any more than that made for inferior goods. $1 00 buys a case of pint bottles, with no additional cost for delivery any where in the city.

TRY OUR MALT TONIC
IT BUILDS YOU UP.

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Look the Shoe Over

Before buying. It's your privilege as well as duty. If it does not come up to our representation don't take it.

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